

### Ontario

Employment in Ontario jumped in June, according to the latest seasonally adjusted estimates from Statistics Canada. An estimated 6.69 million persons worked during the week of June 13-19, up 60,300 (0.9%) from May. That is the largest monthly change since May 2009 when employment fell by a similar amount. June's rise in employment exceeded an increase in the labour force which lowered Ontario's unemployment rate 0.6% to 8.3%.

Job growth in June was robust for both full- and part-time workers. Self employment and public sector payroll jobs led the gain while private sector payroll jobs also increased. Industry-wise, employment growth was concentrated in retail/wholesale trade, up 2%, "other services" such as repair/maintenance and personal/household, up 5.9%, accommodation/food services, up 3.6%, and information/recreation services, up 3.5%.

Men aged 25 years and over saw employment increase 1.1% from May and with no change in this group's labour force the unemployment rate fell 1.1% to 7.0%. Women aged 25 years and over saw both employment and the labour force grow by 0.6%, leaving the unemployment rate little changed at 6.7%.

Metropolitan Toronto experienced significant job growth, up by 34,300 persons (1.2%) which lowered the local unemployment rate 0.6% to 9.0%. Regionally, recent employment growth has been highest in Kitchener-Waterloo-Barrie, Ottawa, Northeast and London. Most other regions have seen notable job growth recently except for Muskoka-Kawarthas where employment has slipped lately.

Central 1 Credit Union forecasts the average level of employment in Ontario will rise 1.5% this

#### **Highlights:**

- *Strong growth in employment in service industries*
- *Recent job growth led by Toronto, Kitchener-Waterloo-Barrie, Ottawa, Northeast and London.*

year, following a 2.4% decline in 2009. This outlook for below-average job growth reflects weakness in America's economic recovery. More favourable economic conditions after 2010 will lead to higher job growth and a declining unemployment rate.

### Regions

#### **Toronto**

The latest seasonally adjusted, short-term trends in labour market indicators are moderately positive. Over the latest three months, employment rose by an estimated 17,200 persons (0.6%). Meanwhile, the unemployment rate inched up from 9.2% to 9.4% of the labour force. Recent job growth has been led by public administration, profession/technical, health/social, retail/wholesale and information/recreation services. Gains in these industries have been partly offset by declines in manufacturing goods and transportation/warehousing services.

#### **Hamilton-Niagara Peninsula**

The latest seasonally adjusted, short-term trends in labour market indicators are mixed. Over the latest three months, employment inched down by an estimated 700 persons (0.1%) while the unemployment rate declined from 8.6% to 8.2% of the labour force. Recently, jobs have grown in construction, accommodation/food



services and manufacturing while declining in health/social and professional/technical services.

### **Ottawa**

The latest seasonally adjusted, short-term trends in labour market indicators are positive. Employment increased by an estimated 13,000 persons (1.9%) over the latest three months. Meanwhile, the unemployment rate declined from 7.0% to 6.6% of the labour force. Recent job growth has been led by education and accommodation/food services as well as construction.

### **Kitchener-Waterloo-Barrie**

The latest seasonally adjusted, short-term trends in labour market indicators are positive. Employment increased by an estimated 20,800 persons (3.2%) over the latest three months, while the unemployment rate declined from 8.8% to 7.6% of the labour force. Recent job growth has been led by business/building support services and manufacturing, partly offset by declines in educational and accommodation/food services.

### **Windsor-Sarnia**

The latest seasonally adjusted, short-term trends in labour market indicators are positive. Employment increased by an estimated 6,100 persons (2.1%) over the latest three months, while the unemployment rate remained at 10.4% of the labour force. Recent job growth has been led by manufacturing and construction, partly offset by declines on “other” services and public administration.

### **London**

The latest seasonally adjusted, short-term trends in labour market indicators are positive. Employment increased by an estimated 8,900 persons (2.8%) over the latest three months, while the unemployment rate declined from 8.7% to 8.0% of the labour force. Recent job growth has been led by transportation/warehousing and retail/wholesale trade services, offset partly by declines in finance/insurance/real estate services.

### **Northeast**

The latest seasonally adjusted, short-term trends in labour market indicators are positive. Employment increased by an estimated 9,200 persons (3.7%) over the latest three months, while the unemployment rate declined from 9.6% to 9.1% of the labour force.

Recent job growth has been led by retail/wholesale trade, health/social services and construction.

### **Kingston-Pembroke**

The latest seasonally adjusted, short-term trends in labour market indicators are mixed. Total employment grew by 2,600 persons (1.3%) over the latest three months, while the unemployment rate inched up from 8.6% to 8.8% of the labour force. Recent job growth has been led by public administration, manufacturing, accommodation/food services. Gains in these industries have been partly offset by declines in educational, health/social and transportation/warehousing services.

### **Muskoka-Kawarthas**

The latest seasonally adjusted, short-term trends in labour market indicators are negative. Over the latest three months, employment fell by an estimated 6,500 persons (3.6%). Meanwhile, the unemployment rate declined from 8.1% to 7.1% of the labour force. The labour force is falling faster than employment. Recent job declines have been led by utility industries, while employment in educational and accommodation/food services has increased.

### **Stratford-Bruce Peninsula**

The latest seasonally adjusted, short-term trends in labour market indicators are positive. Employment increased by an estimated 1,600 persons (1.0%) over the latest three months, while the unemployment rate declined from 7.8% to 6.3% of the labour force. Recent job growth has been led by construction, educational services and accommodation/food services, offset partly by declines in health/social and “other” services.

### **Northwest**

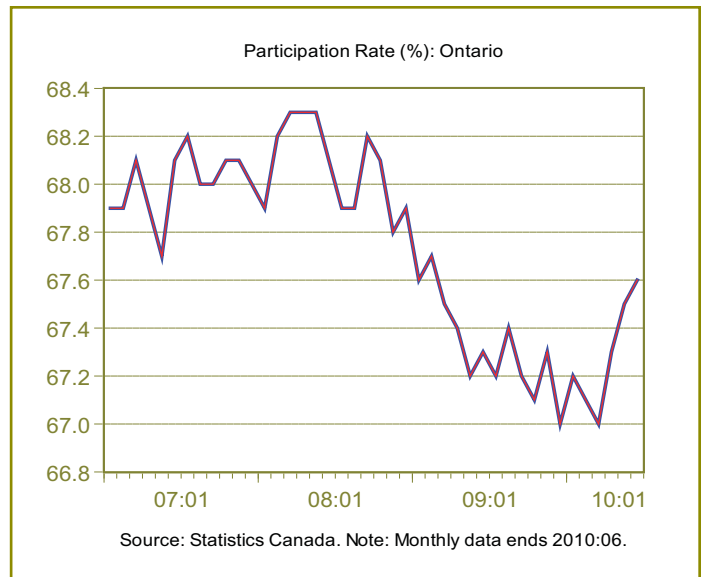
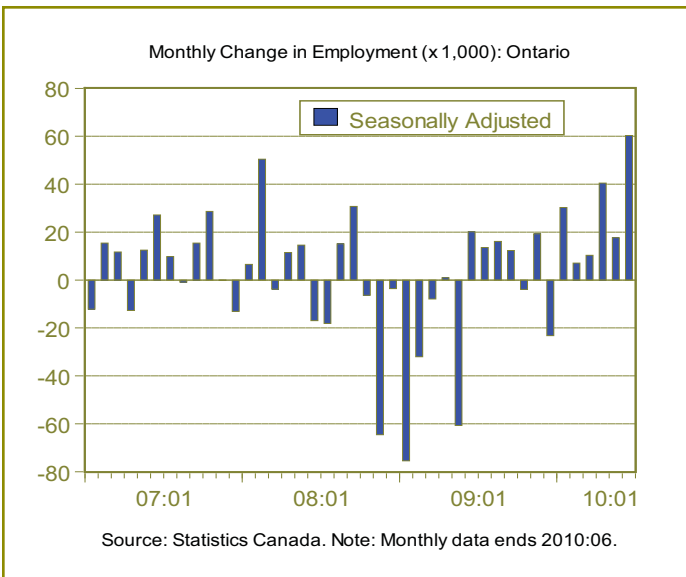
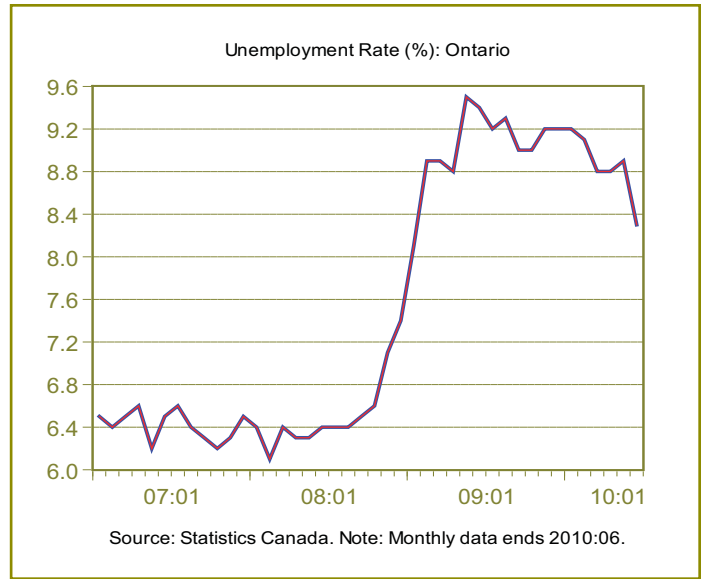
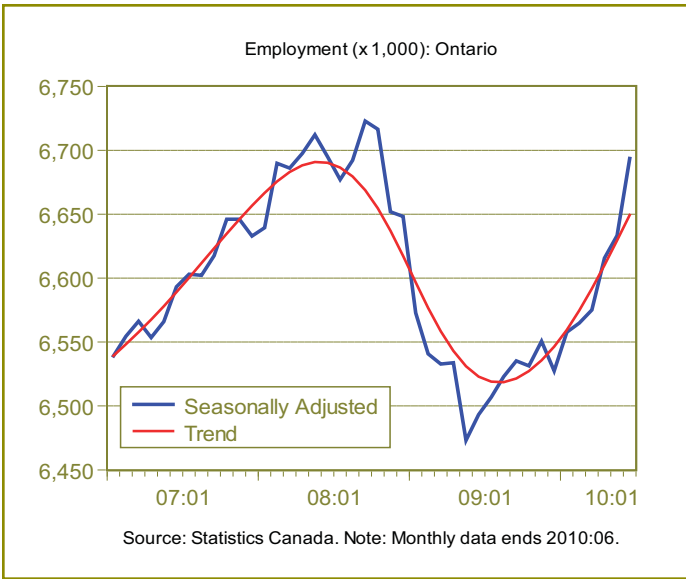
The latest seasonally adjusted, short-term trends in labour market indicators are moderately positive. Employment inched up by an estimated 300 persons (0.3%) over the latest three months, while the unemployment rate decreased from 6.9% to 6.5% of the labour force. Employment has increased recently in retail/wholesale trade while declining in information/recreation and “other” services.

**David Hobden, Economist**

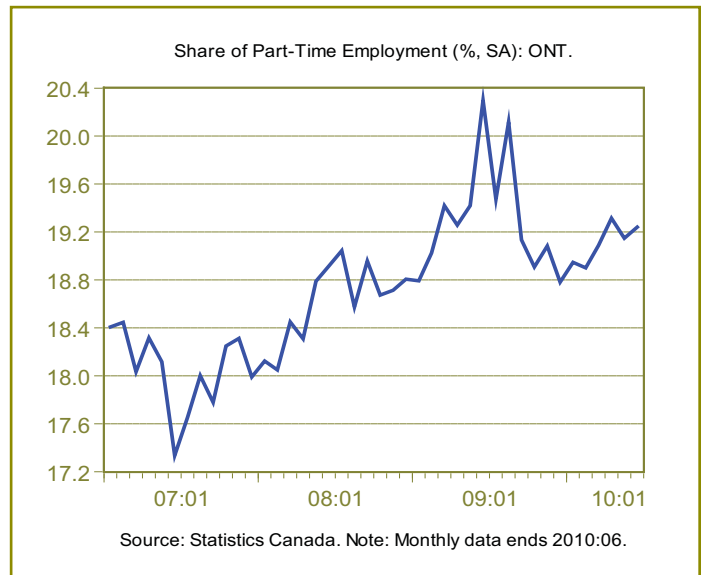
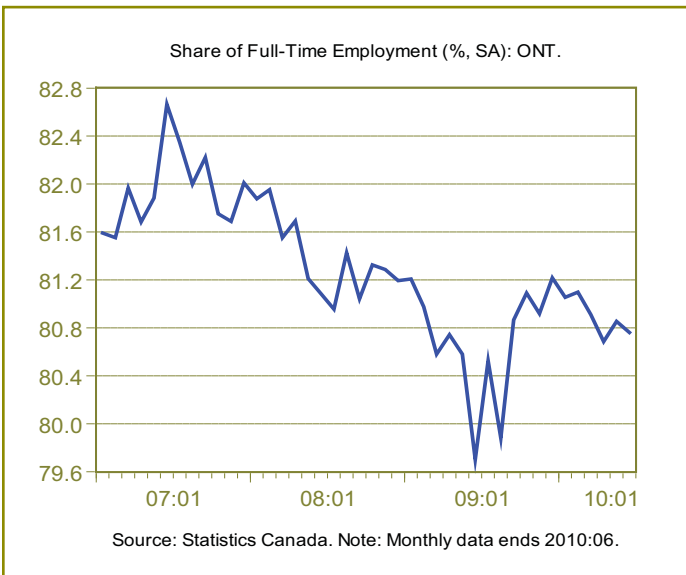
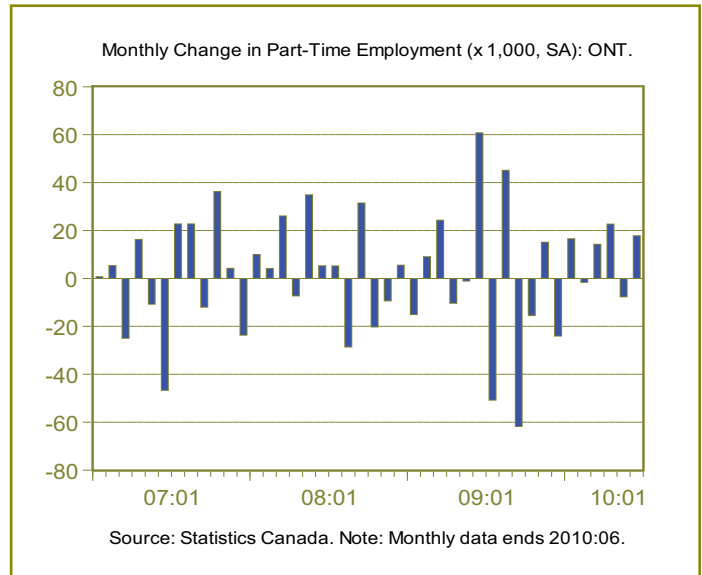
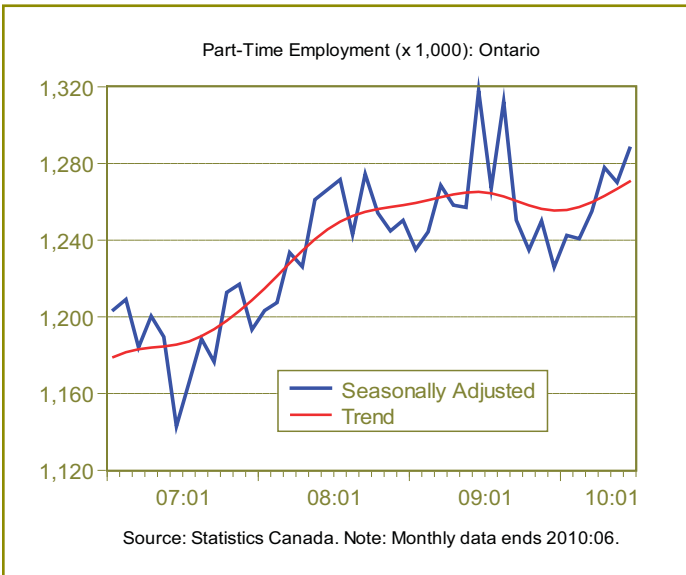
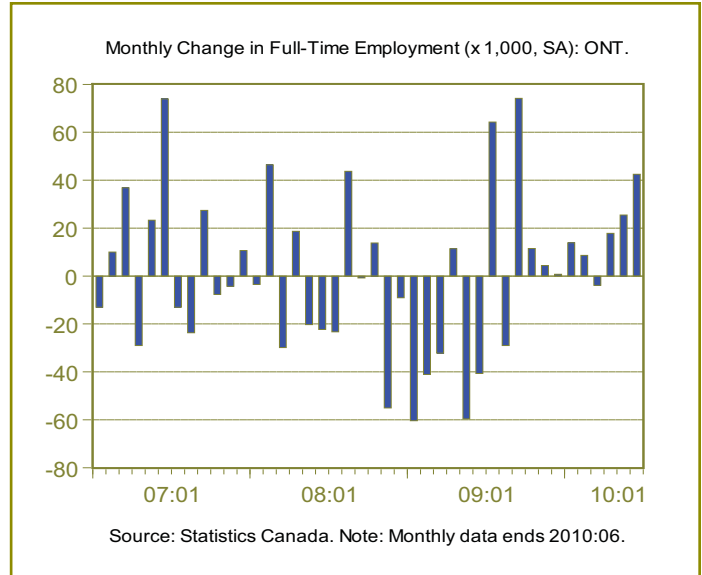
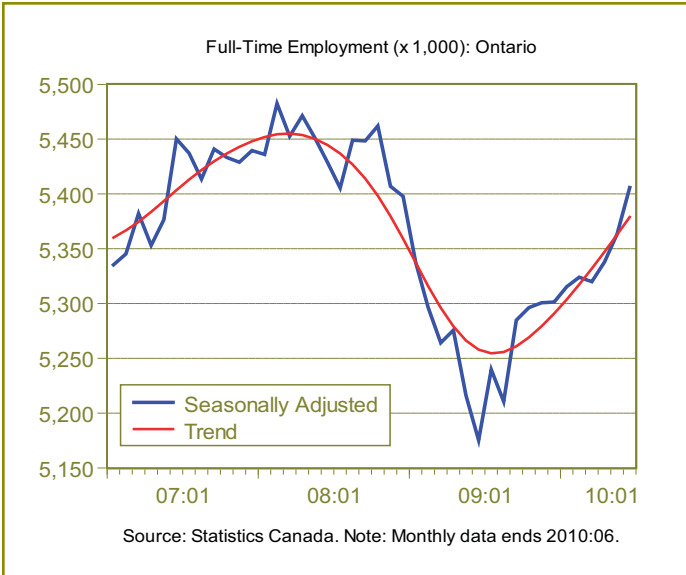
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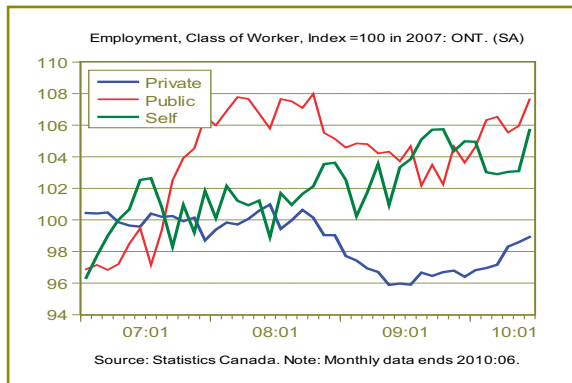
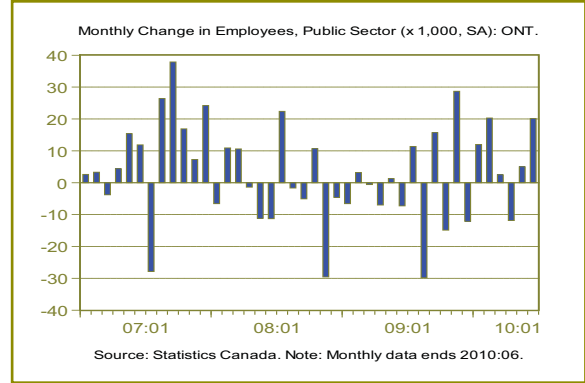
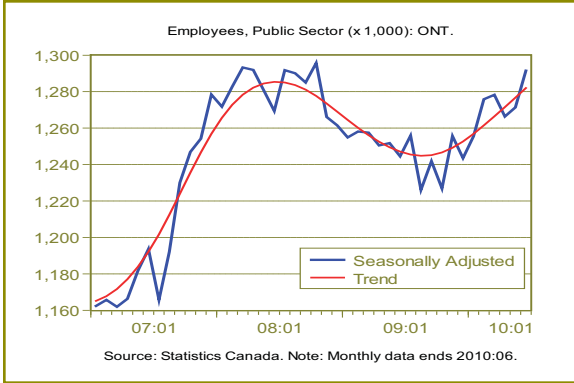
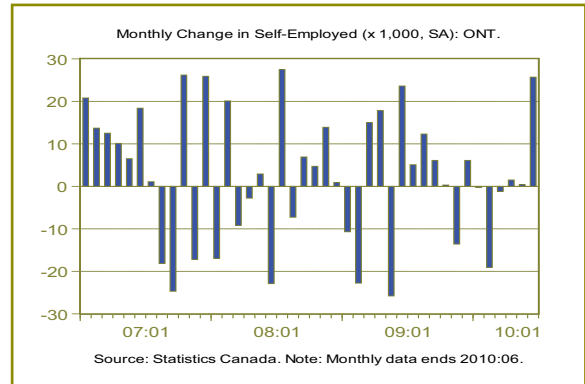
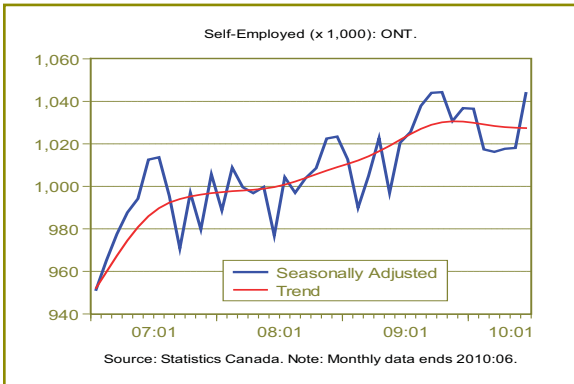
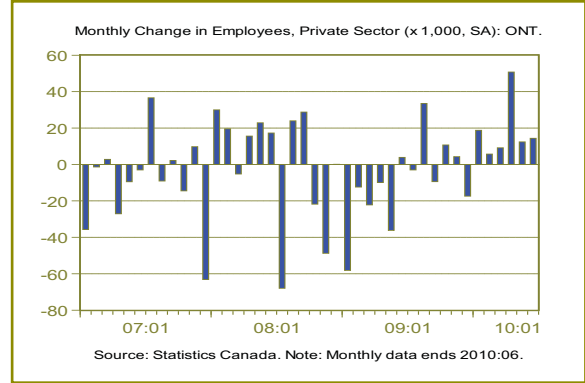
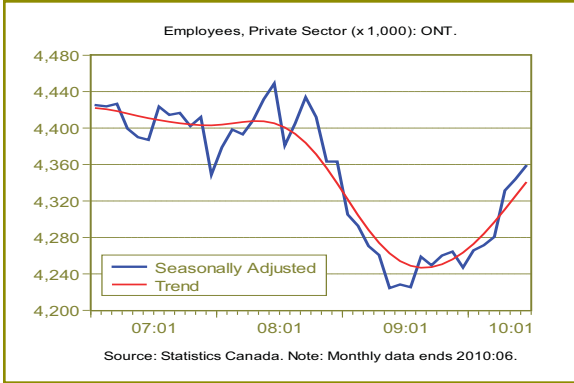
Labour Market, Ontario						
Period	Labour Force		Employed		Unemployment Rate	Participation Rate
	x 1,000	% Change	x 1,000	% Change	%	%
<b>Average of Unadjusted Monthly Data</b>						
2002	6,493.7	2.6	6,031.4	1.8	7.1	67.7
2003	6,676.2	2.8	6,213.2	3.0	6.9	68.5
2004	6,775.4	1.5	6,316.5	1.7	6.8	68.4
2005	6,849.1	1.1	6,397.7	1.3	6.6	68.0
2006	6,927.3	1.1	6,492.7	1.5	6.3	67.7
2007	7,043.5	1.7	6,593.8	1.6	6.4	68.0
2008	7,154.5	1.6	6,687.3	1.4	6.5	68.1
2009	7,175.1	0.3	6,526.1	-2.4	9.0	67.3
2009 YTD*	7,140.8		6,488.6		9.1	67.2
2010 YTD*	7,226.1	1.2	6,577.0	1.4	9.0	67.1
* YTD = Calendar year-to-date						
<b>Seasonally Adjusted Monthly Data</b>						
2009M04	7,164.2	-0.1	6,533.8	0.0	8.8	67.4
2009M05	7,150.7	-0.2	6,473.1	-0.9	9.5	67.2
2009M06	7,166.4	0.2	6,493.2	0.3	9.4	67.3
2009M07	7,168.8	0.0	6,506.8	0.2	9.2	67.2
2009M08	7,193.2	0.3	6,522.9	0.2	9.3	67.4
2009M09	7,182.6	-0.1	6,535.2	0.2	9.0	67.2
2009M10	7,180.1	-0.0	6,531.3	-0.1	9.0	67.1
2009M11	7,213.1	0.5	6,550.6	0.3	9.2	67.3
2009M12	7,190.2	-0.3	6,527.4	-0.4	9.2	67.0
2010M01	7,221.0	0.4	6,557.7	0.5	9.2	67.2
2010M02	7,219.6	-0.0	6,564.8	0.1	9.1	67.1
2010M03	7,211.9	-0.1	6,575.1	0.2	8.8	67.0
2010M04	7,252.6	0.6	6,615.6	0.6	8.8	67.3
2010M05	7,280.7	0.4	6,633.3	0.3	8.9	67.5
2010M06	7,301.4	0.3	6,693.6	0.9	8.3	67.6
Source: Statistics Canada						



<b>Full-Time &amp; Part-Time Employment, Ontario</b>						
<b>Period</b>	<b>Full-Time Employment</b>		<b>Part-Time Employment</b>		<b>Full-Time Rate</b>	<b>Part-Time Rate</b>
	<b>x 1,000</b>	<b>% Change</b>	<b>x 1,000</b>	<b>% Change</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>%</b>
<b>Average of Unadjusted Monthly Data</b>						
2002	4,930.4	1.3	1,101.0	4.1	81.7	18.3
2003	5,063.4	2.7	1,149.8	4.4	81.5	18.5
2004	5,171.7	2.1	1,144.8	-0.4	81.9	18.1
2005	5,242.7	1.4	1,155.0	0.9	81.9	18.1
2006	5,340.9	1.9	1,151.8	-0.3	82.3	17.7
2007	5,405.2	1.2	1,188.6	3.2	82.0	18.0
2008	5,442.6	0.7	1,244.6	4.7	81.4	18.6
2009	5,266.0	-3.2	1,260.1	1.2	80.7	19.3
2009 YTD*	5,202.2		1,286.4		80.2	19.8
2010 YTD*	5,290.8	1.7	1,286.2	-0.0	80.4	19.6
* YTD = Calendar year-to-date						
<b>Seasonally Adjusted Monthly Data</b>						
2009M04	5,275.6	0.2	1,258.2	-0.8	80.7	19.3
2009M05	5,216.0	-1.1	1,257.1	-0.1	80.6	19.4
2009M06	5,175.3	-0.8	1,317.9	4.8	79.7	20.3
2009M07	5,239.6	1.2	1,267.1	-3.9	80.5	19.5
2009M08	5,210.6	-0.6	1,312.2	3.6	79.9	20.1
2009M09	5,284.8	1.4	1,250.4	-4.7	80.9	19.1
2009M10	5,296.3	0.2	1,234.9	-1.2	81.1	18.9
2009M11	5,300.7	0.1	1,250.0	1.2	80.9	19.1
2009M12	5,301.4	0.0	1,225.9	-1.9	81.2	18.8
2010M01	5,315.3	0.3	1,242.5	1.4	81.1	18.9
2010M02	5,323.9	0.2	1,240.8	-0.1	81.1	18.9
2010M03	5,320.0	-0.1	1,255.1	1.2	80.9	19.1
2010M04	5,337.8	0.3	1,277.8	1.8	80.7	19.3
2010M05	5,363.3	0.5	1,270.1	-0.6	80.9	19.1
2010M06	5,405.8	0.8	1,287.9	1.4	80.8	19.2
Source: Statistics Canada						

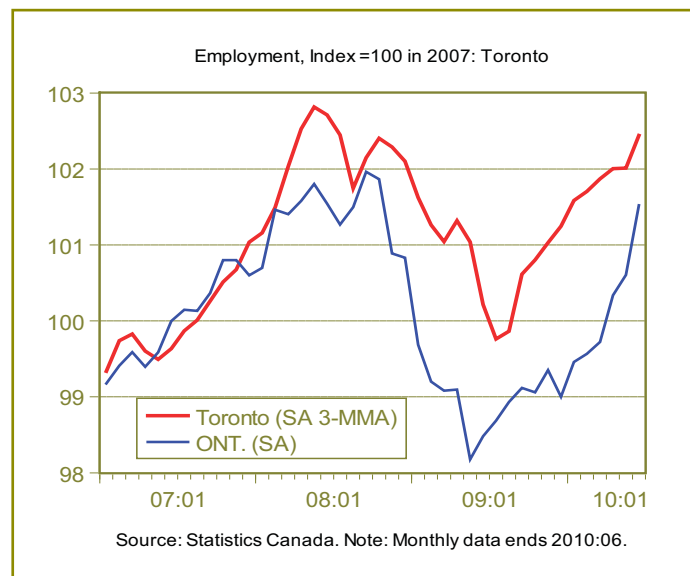
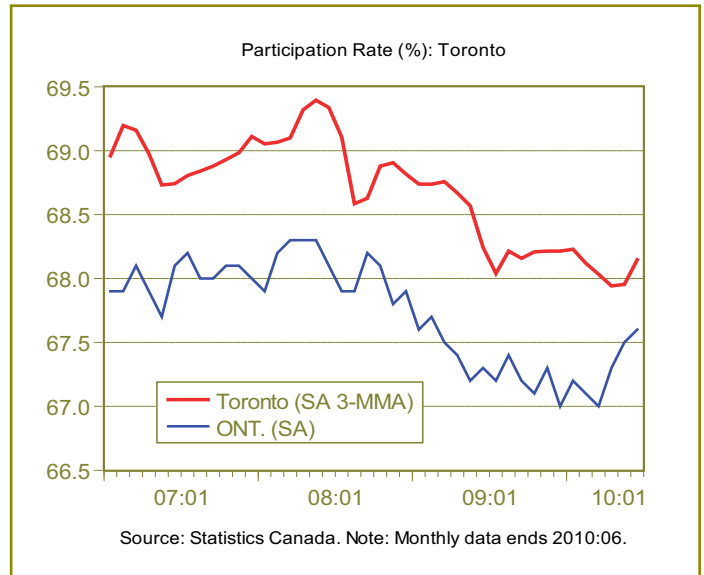
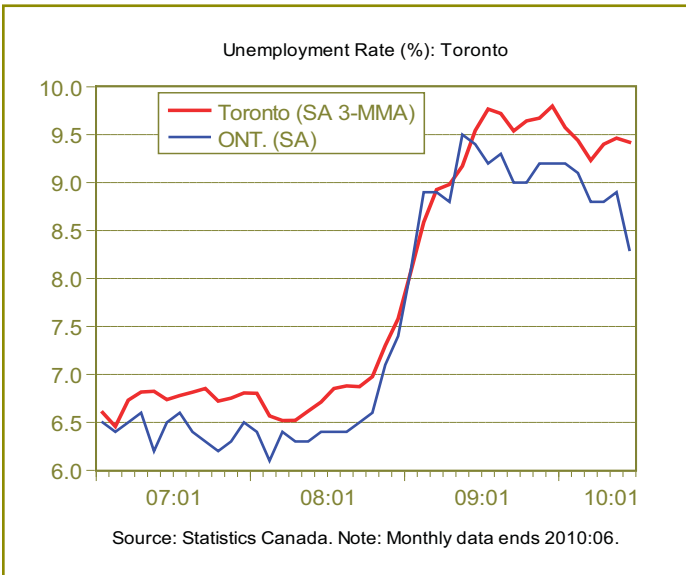
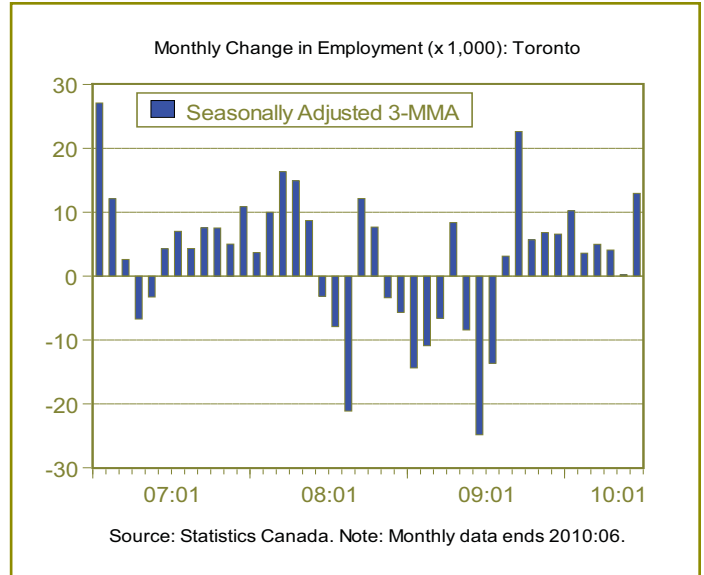
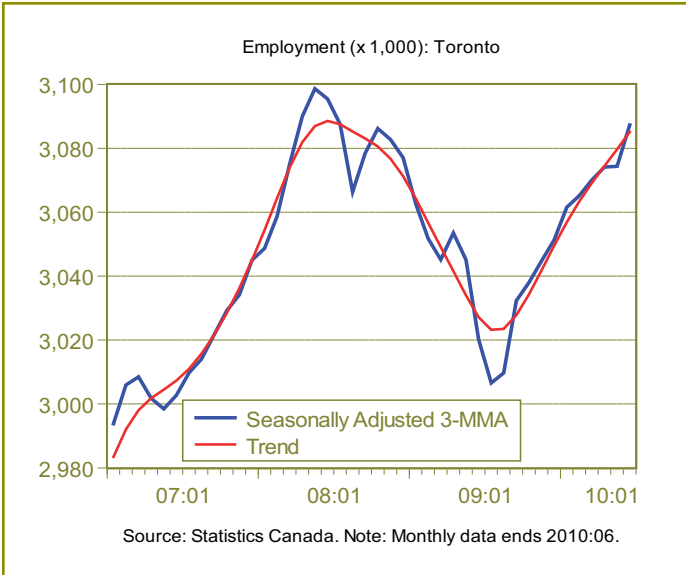


<b>Employment by Class of Worker, Ontario</b>						
<b>Period</b>	<b>Employees, Private Sector</b>		<b>Employees, Public Sector</b>		<b>Self-Employed</b>	
	<b>x 1,000</b>	<b>% Change</b>	<b>x 1,000</b>	<b>% Change</b>	<b>x 1,000</b>	<b>% Change</b>
<b>Average of Unadjusted Monthly Data</b>						
2002	4,115.5	1.6	1,037.5	3.6	878.4	0.6
2003	4,248.8	3.2	1,050.2	1.2	914.2	4.1
2004	4,277.9	0.7	1,106.8	5.4	931.8	1.9
2005	4,330.4	1.2	1,139.5	3.0	927.8	-0.4
2006	4,387.6	1.3	1,170.2	2.7	934.9	0.8
2007	4,406.2	0.4	1,200.5	2.6	987.1	5.6
2008	4,403.8	-0.1	1,281.1	6.7	1,002.4	1.6
2009	4,256.6	-3.3	1,247.3	-2.6	1,022.1	2.0
2009 YTD*	4,218.4		1,261.7		1,008.5	1.4
2010 YTD*	4,268.2	1.2	1,284.9	1.8	1,023.9	1.5
* YTD = Calendar year-to-date						
<b>Seasonally Adjusted Monthly Data</b>						
2009M04	4,260.6	-0.2	1,250.5	-0.6	1,022.7	1.8
2009M05	4,224.4	-0.9	1,251.8	0.1	996.9	-2.5
2009M06	4,228.3	0.1	1,244.5	-0.6	1,020.5	2.4
2009M07	4,225.3	-0.1	1,255.9	0.9	1,025.6	0.5
2009M08	4,258.8	0.8	1,226.1	-2.4	1,037.9	1.2
2009M09	4,249.4	-0.2	1,241.8	1.3	1,044.0	0.6
2009M10	4,260.1	0.3	1,226.9	-1.2	1,044.3	0.0
2009M11	4,264.4	0.1	1,255.6	2.3	1,030.7	-1.3
2009M12	4,247.0	-0.4	1,243.5	-1.0	1,036.8	0.6
2010M01	4,265.8	0.4	1,255.5	1.0	1,036.5	-0.0
2010M02	4,271.5	0.1	1,275.8	1.6	1,017.4	-1.8
2010M03	4,280.7	0.2	1,278.3	0.2	1,016.2	-0.1
2010M04	4,331.5	1.2	1,266.4	-0.9	1,017.7	0.1
2010M05	4,343.9	0.3	1,271.4	0.4	1,018.1	0.0
2010M06	4,358.3	0.3	1,291.5	1.6	1,043.8	2.5
Source: Statistics Canada						

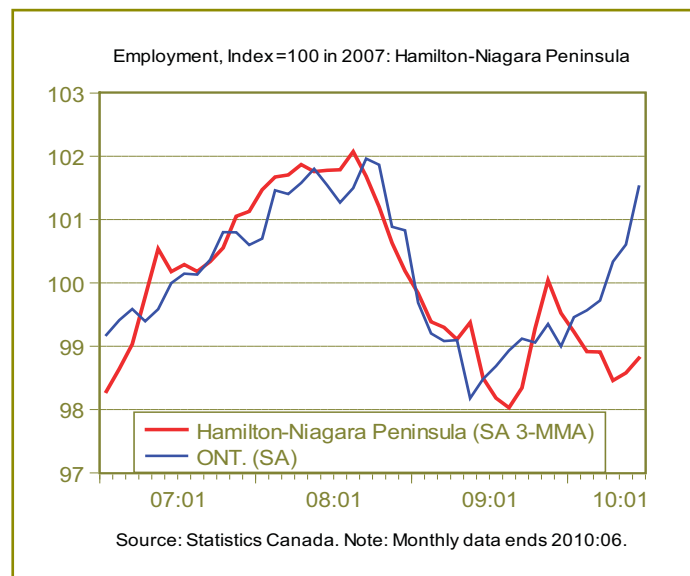
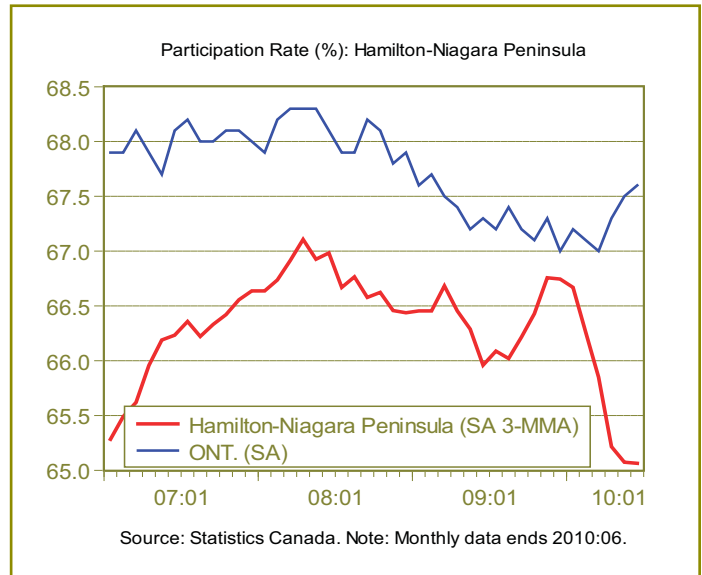
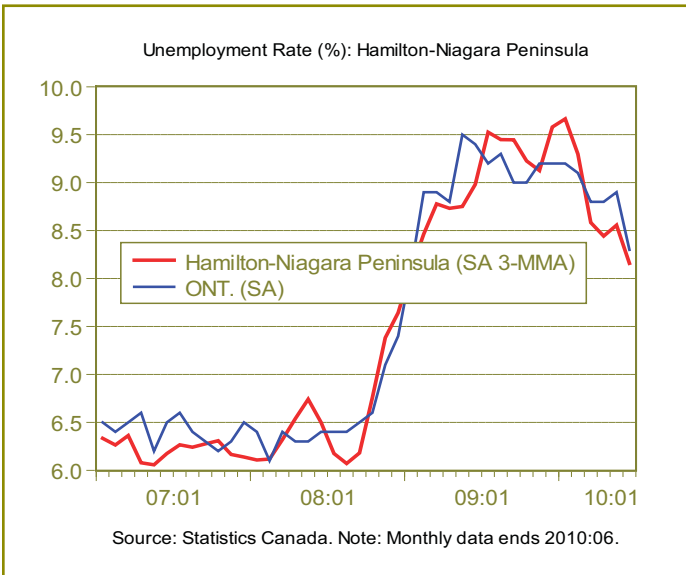
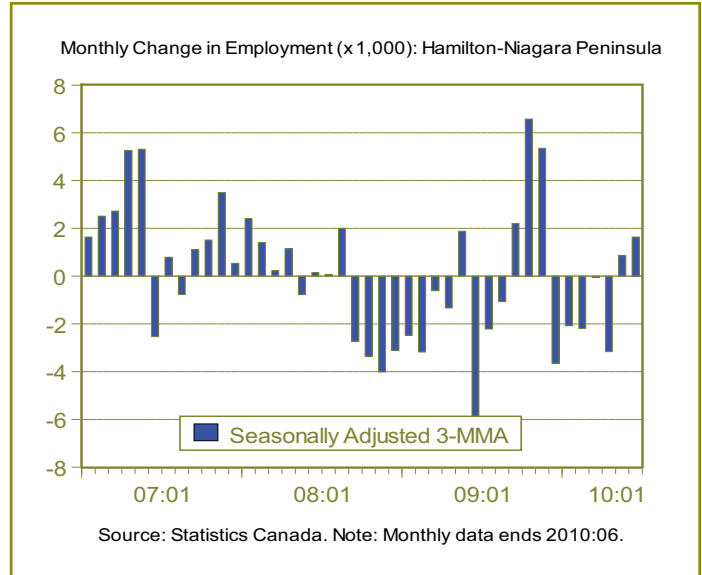
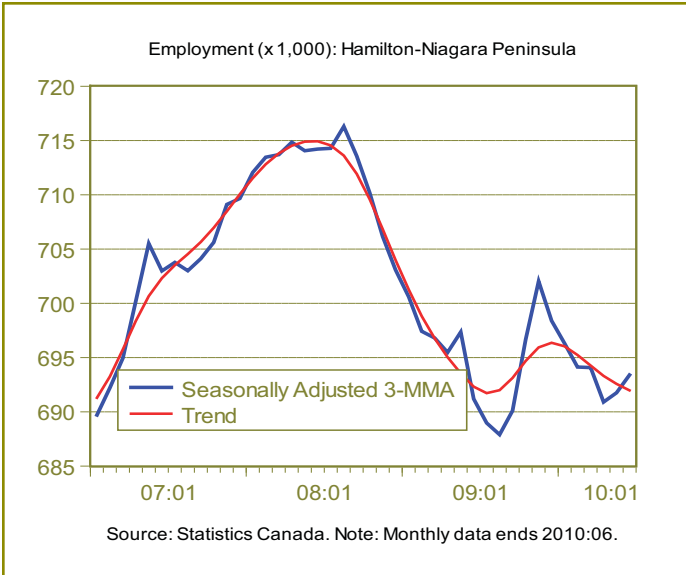


Toronto						
Period	Labour Force		Employed		Unemployment Rate	Participation Rate
	x 1,000	% Change	x 1,000	% Change	%	%
<b>Average of Unadjusted Monthly Data</b>						
2002	2,937.1	3.2	2,721.3	2.1	7.3	69.6
2003	3,027.7	3.1	2,799.1	2.9	7.6	70.2
2004	3,081.2	1.8	2,853.6	1.9	7.4	69.9
2005	3,131.2	1.6	2,912.3	2.1	7.0	69.4
2006	3,155.4	0.8	2,947.2	1.2	6.6	68.5
2007	3,238.6	2.6	3,018.7	2.4	6.8	69.0
2008	3,309.8	2.2	3,080.9	2.1	6.9	69.0
2009	3,353.7	1.3	3,036.8	-1.4	9.4	68.3
2009 YTD*	3,325.8		3,035.4		8.7	68.3
2010 YTD*	3,372.9	1.4	3,061.4	0.9	9.2	67.7
* YTD = Calendar year-to-date based on 3-month moving average monthly data						
<b>Seasonally Adjusted, 3-Month Moving Average, Monthly Data</b>						
2009M04	3,352.6	0.2	3,053.5	0.3	9.0	68.7
2009M05	3,347.0	-0.2	3,045.1	-0.3	9.2	68.6
2009M06	3,339.4	-0.2	3,020.2	-0.8	9.5	68.2
2009M07	3,340.1	0.0	3,006.5	-0.5	9.8	68.0
2009M08	3,349.1	0.3	3,009.7	0.1	9.7	68.2
2009M09	3,356.4	0.2	3,032.3	0.8	9.5	68.2
2009M10	3,361.6	0.2	3,038.0	0.2	9.6	68.2
2009M11	3,367.1	0.2	3,044.8	0.2	9.7	68.2
2009M12	3,374.0	0.2	3,051.3	0.2	9.8	68.2
2010M01	3,381.6	0.2	3,061.5	0.3	9.6	68.2
2010M02	3,381.1	-0.0	3,065.1	0.1	9.4	68.1
2010M03	3,382.1	0.0	3,070.1	0.2	9.2	68.0
2010M04	3,389.7	0.2	3,074.2	0.1	9.4	67.9
2010M05	3,390.0	0.0	3,074.4	0.0	9.5	68.0
2010M06	3,408.5	0.5	3,087.3	0.4	9.4	68.1

Source: Statistics Canada

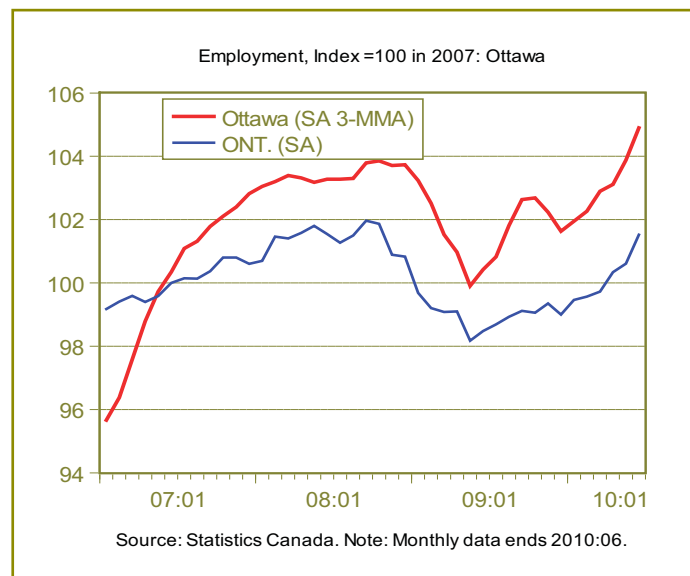
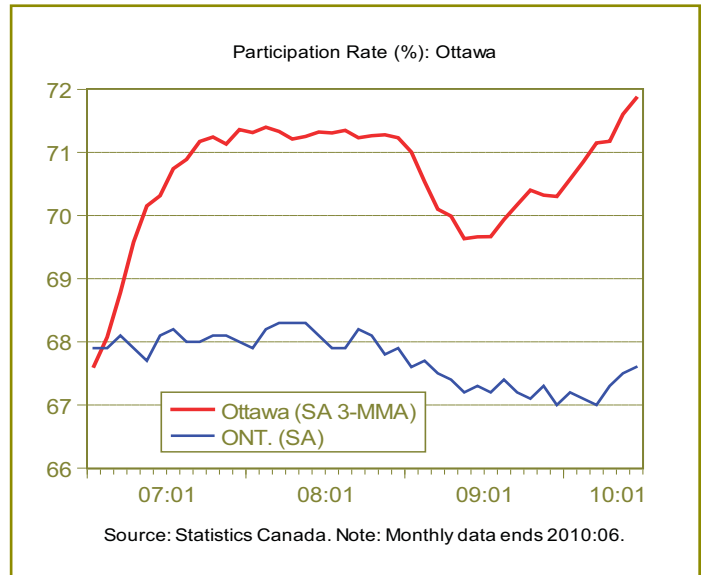
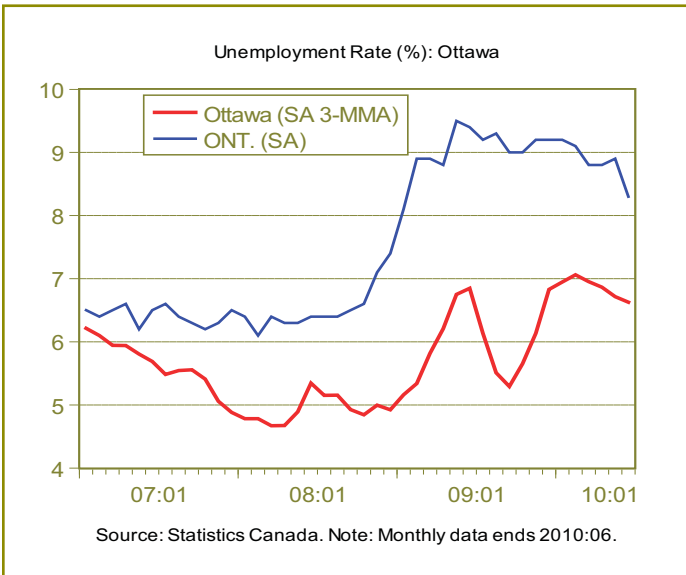
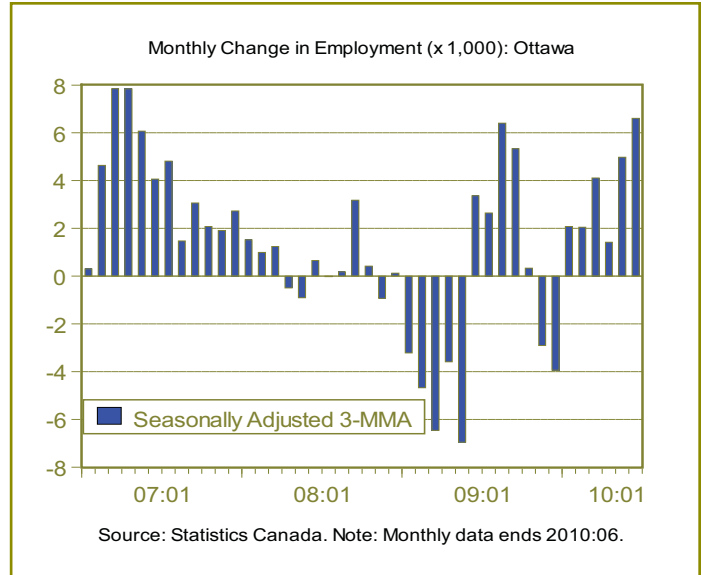
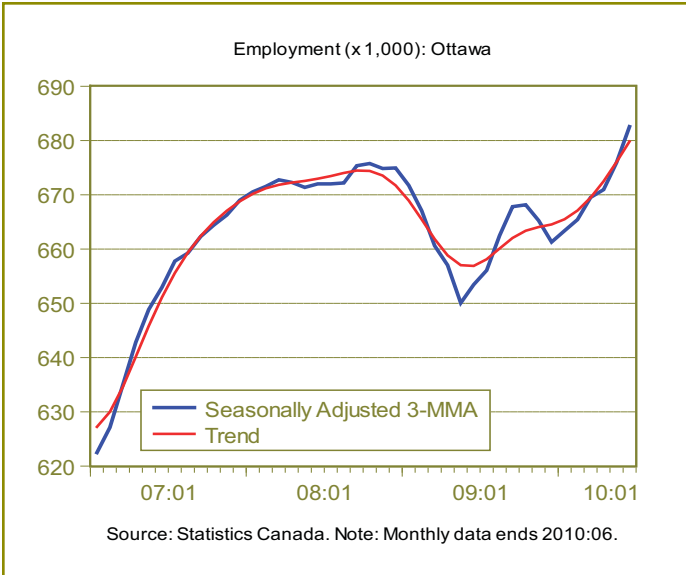


Hamilton-Niagara Peninsula						
Period	Labour Force		Employed		Unemployment Rate	Participation Rate
	x 1,000	% Change	x 1,000	% Change	%	%
<b>Average of Unadjusted Monthly Data</b>						
2002	703.6	1.2	653.3	0.3	7.1	65.7
2003	726.9	3.3	680.1	4.1	6.4	67.1
2004	734.6	1.1	686.2	0.9	6.6	67.1
2005	732.6	-0.3	687.5	0.2	6.2	66.0
2006	738.7	0.8	693.4	0.9	6.1	65.8
2007	749.8	1.5	703.1	1.4	6.2	66.2
2008	762.2	1.7	711.4	1.2	6.7	66.7
2009	764.7	0.3	694.5	-2.4	9.2	66.4
2009 YTD*	755.4		687.2		9.0	65.8
2010 YTD*	753.3	-0.3	684.2	-0.4	9.2	65.1
* YTD = Calendar year-to-date based on 3-month moving average monthly data						
<b>Seasonally Adjusted, 3-Month Moving Average, Monthly Data</b>						
2009M04	764.5	-0.3	695.5	-0.2	8.7	66.5
2009M05	763.3	-0.2	697.3	0.3	8.8	66.3
2009M06	758.8	-0.6	691.2	-0.9	9.0	66.0
2009M07	760.6	0.2	689.0	-0.3	9.5	66.1
2009M08	758.5	-0.3	687.9	-0.2	9.4	66.0
2009M09	762.7	0.5	690.1	0.3	9.4	66.2
2009M10	766.6	0.5	696.7	1.0	9.2	66.4
2009M11	770.2	0.5	702.0	0.8	9.1	66.8
2009M12	770.9	0.1	698.4	-0.5	9.6	66.7
2010M01	770.2	-0.1	696.3	-0.3	9.7	66.7
2010M02	765.8	-0.6	694.1	-0.3	9.3	66.3
2010M03	762.3	-0.5	694.1	-0.0	8.6	65.9
2010M04	756.3	-0.8	690.9	-0.5	8.4	65.2
2010M05	754.8	-0.2	691.8	0.1	8.6	65.1
2010M06	754.7	-0.0	693.4	0.2	8.2	65.1
Source: Statistics Canada						

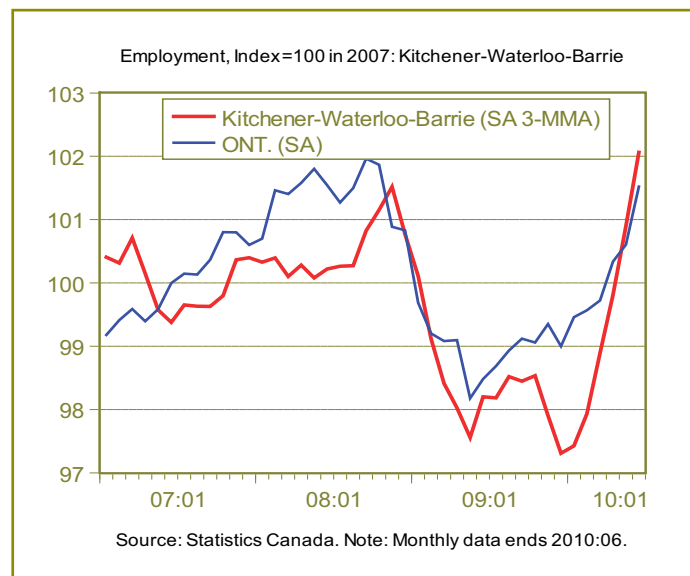
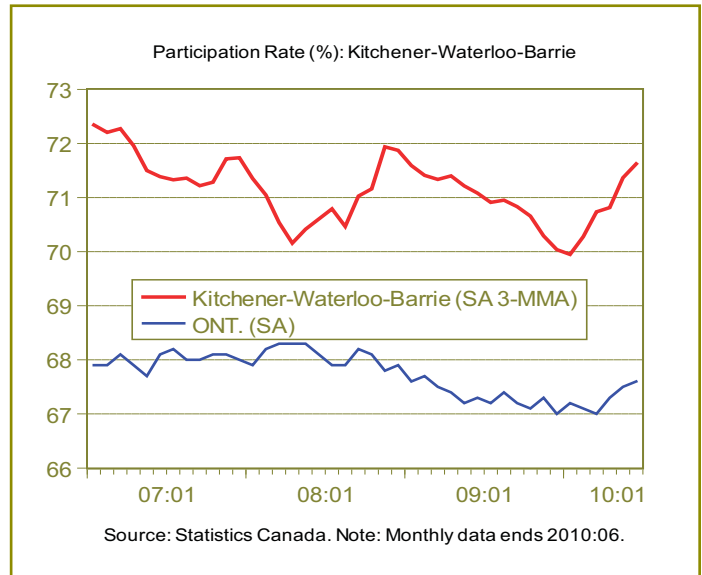
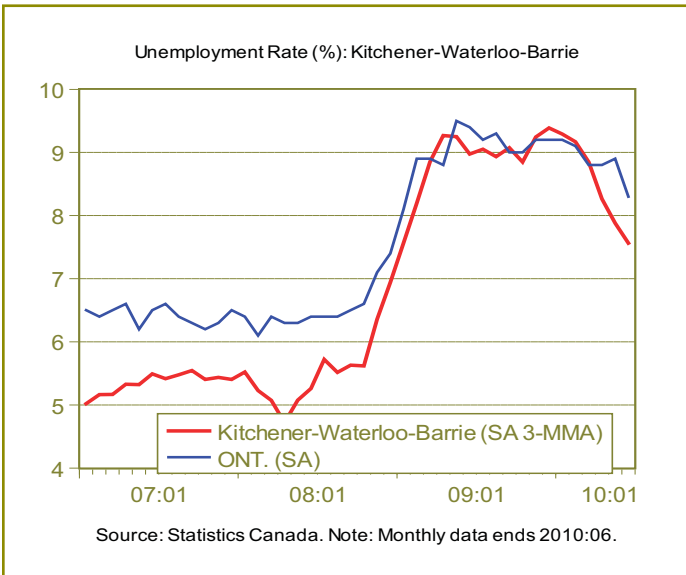
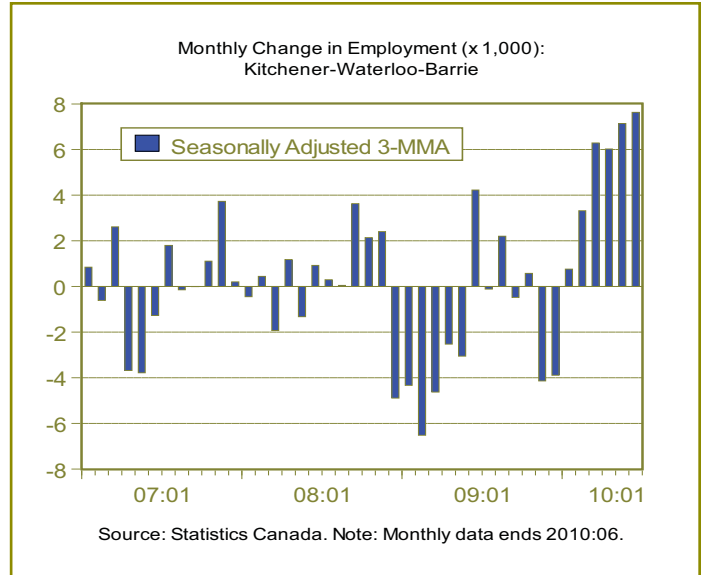
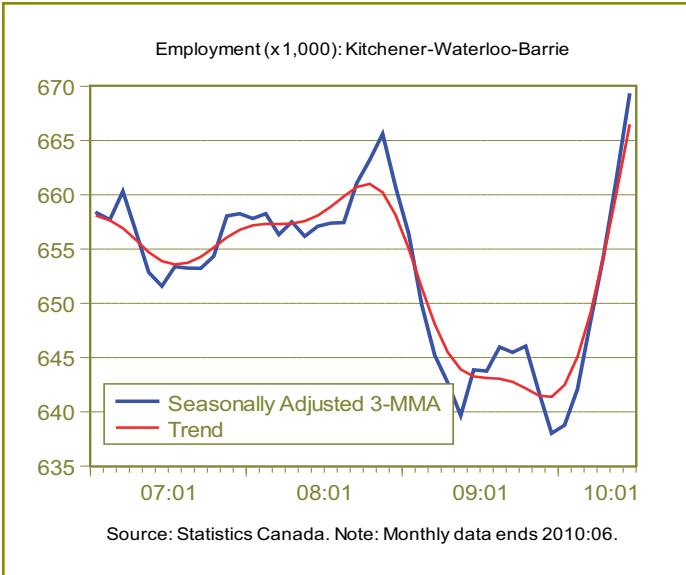


Ottawa						
Period	Labour Force		Employed		Unemployment Rate	Participation Rate
	x 1,000	% Change	x 1,000	% Change	%	%
<b>Average of Unadjusted Monthly Data</b>						
2002	642.4	1.7	594.8	0.4	7.4	68.6
2003	663.1	3.2	617.5	3.8	6.9	70.0
2004	657.0	-0.9	613.8	-0.6	6.6	68.6
2005	668.8	1.8	624.3	1.7	6.7	69.0
2006	678.7	1.5	641.6	2.8	5.5	69.4
2007	693.2	2.1	654.8	2.1	5.5	70.4
2008	708.8	2.3	673.7	2.9	5.0	71.3
2009	703.7	-0.7	660.5	-2.0	6.1	70.1
2009 YTD*	695.9		654.2		6.0	69.5
2010 YTD*	713.2	2.5	665.0	1.7	6.8	70.5
* YTD = Calendar year-to-date based on 3-month moving average monthly data						
<b>Seasonally Adjusted, 3-Month Moving Average, Monthly Data</b>						
2009M04	700.8	-0.1	657.0	-0.5	6.2	70.0
2009M05	697.9	-0.4	650.0	-1.1	6.8	69.6
2009M06	698.9	0.1	653.4	0.5	6.8	69.7
2009M07	699.4	0.1	656.1	0.4	6.1	69.7
2009M08	702.4	0.4	662.5	1.0	5.5	69.9
2009M09	705.2	0.4	667.8	0.8	5.3	70.2
2009M10	708.8	0.5	668.1	0.1	5.7	70.4
2009M11	708.5	-0.0	665.2	-0.4	6.1	70.3
2009M12	708.5	0.0	661.3	-0.6	6.8	70.3
2010M01	711.9	0.5	663.4	0.3	6.9	70.6
2010M02	715.4	0.5	665.4	0.3	7.1	70.9
2010M03	718.8	0.5	669.5	0.6	7.0	71.2
2010M04	720.4	0.2	670.9	0.2	6.9	71.2
2010M05	725.2	0.7	675.9	0.7	6.7	71.6
2010M06	728.3	0.4	682.5	1.0	6.6	71.9

Source: Statistics Canada

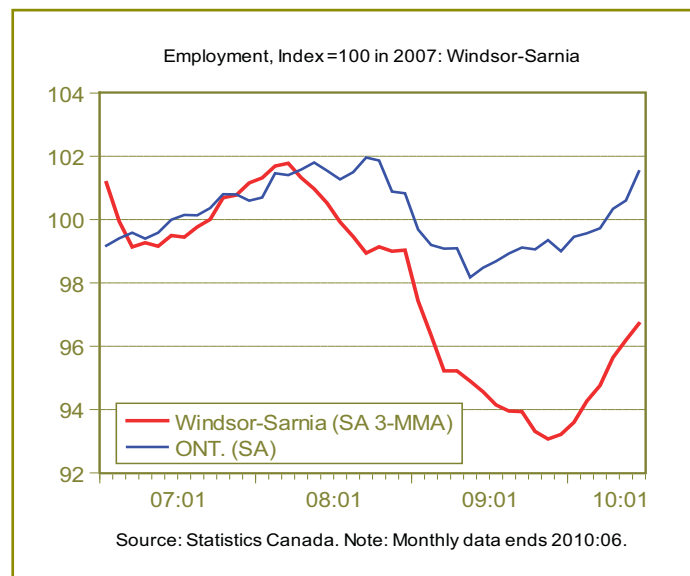
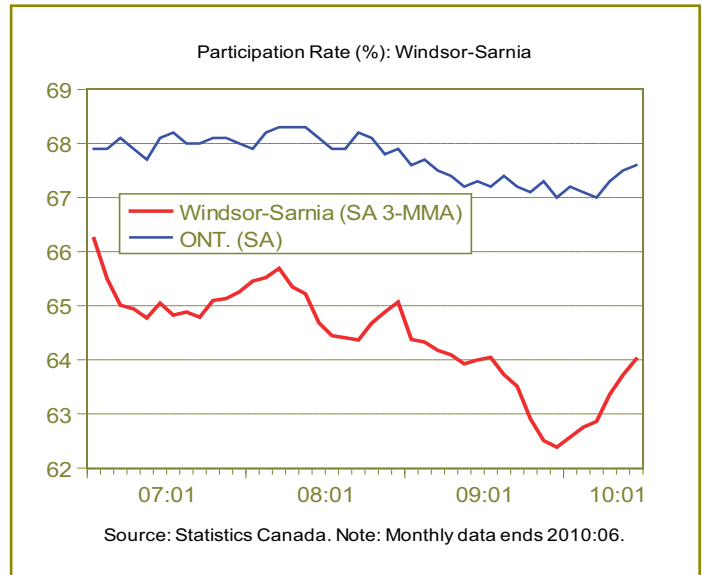
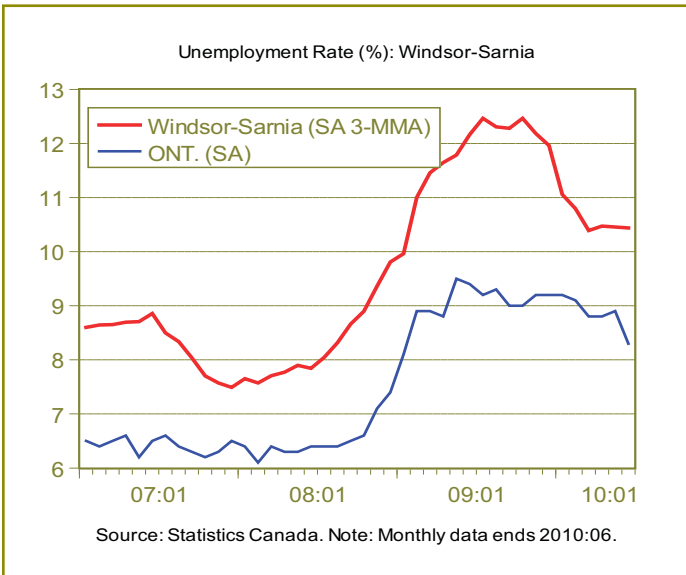
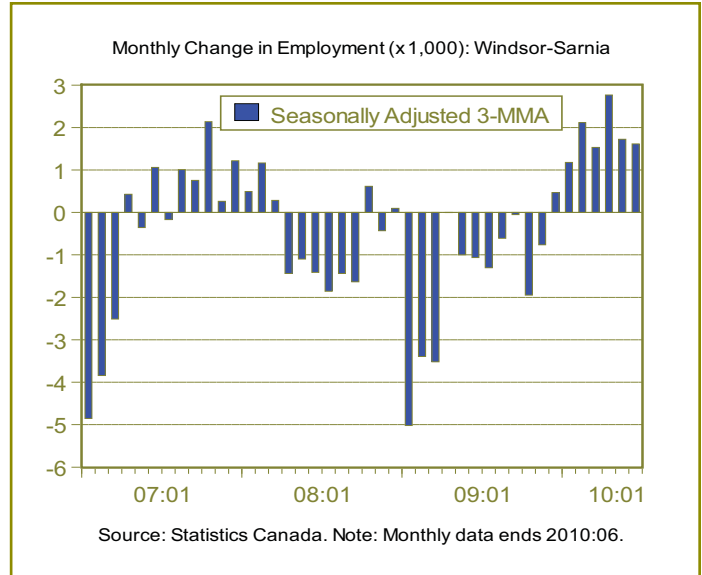
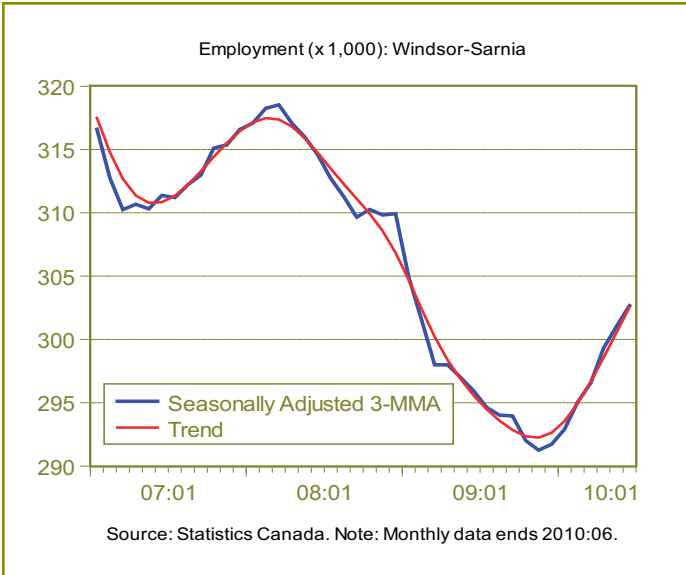


Kitchener-Waterloo-Barrie						
Period	Labour Force		Employed		Unemployment Rate	Participation Rate
	x 1,000	% Change	x 1,000	% Change	%	%
<b>Average of Unadjusted Monthly Data</b>						
2002	613.9	3.8	578.9	3.5	5.7	70.4
2003	631.4	2.9	596.6	3.1	5.5	70.9
2004	643.0	1.8	610.7	2.4	5.0	70.7
2005	672.1	4.5	636.7	4.3	5.3	72.3
2006	688.7	2.5	654.8	2.8	4.9	72.5
2007	693.3	0.7	656.2	0.2	5.4	71.7
2008	698.6	0.8	659.0	0.4	5.7	71.0
2009	707.0	1.2	643.2	-2.4	9.0	70.8
2009 YTD*	703.6		639.5		9.1	70.8
2010 YTD*	708.1	0.6	645.2	0.9	8.9	70.2
* YTD = Calendar year-to-date based on 3-month moving average monthly data						
<b>Seasonally Adjusted, 3-Month Moving Average, Monthly Data</b>						
2009M04	711.1	0.3	642.7	-0.4	9.3	71.4
2009M05	709.6	-0.2	639.6	-0.5	9.3	71.2
2009M06	709.2	-0.1	643.9	0.7	9.0	71.1
2009M07	707.9	-0.2	643.8	-0.0	9.1	70.9
2009M08	709.5	0.2	646.0	0.3	8.9	71.0
2009M09	708.9	-0.1	645.5	-0.1	9.1	70.8
2009M10	707.5	-0.2	646.0	0.1	8.8	70.7
2009M11	703.5	-0.6	641.9	-0.6	9.2	70.3
2009M12	701.4	-0.3	638.0	-0.6	9.4	70.0
2010M01	702.2	0.1	638.8	0.1	9.3	69.9
2010M02	706.9	0.7	642.1	0.5	9.2	70.3
2010M03	712.5	0.8	648.4	1.0	8.9	70.7
2010M04	715.5	0.4	654.4	0.9	8.3	70.8
2010M05	721.2	0.8	661.5	1.1	7.9	71.4
2010M06	724.7	0.5	669.2	1.2	7.6	71.6
Source: Statistics Canada						



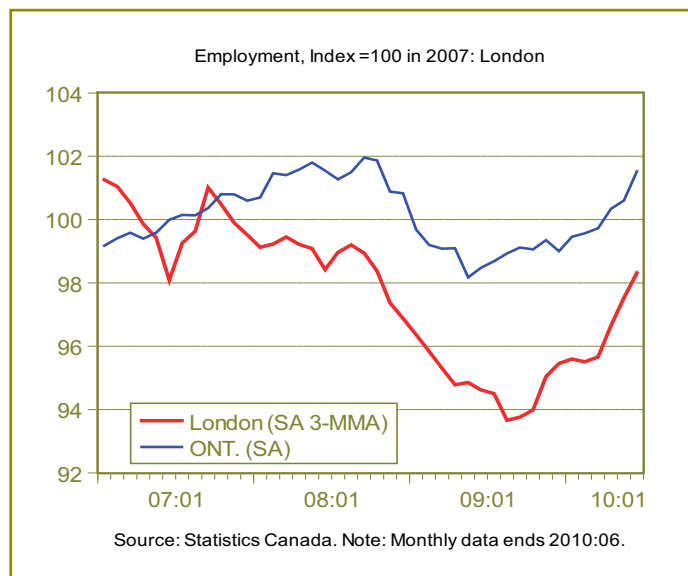
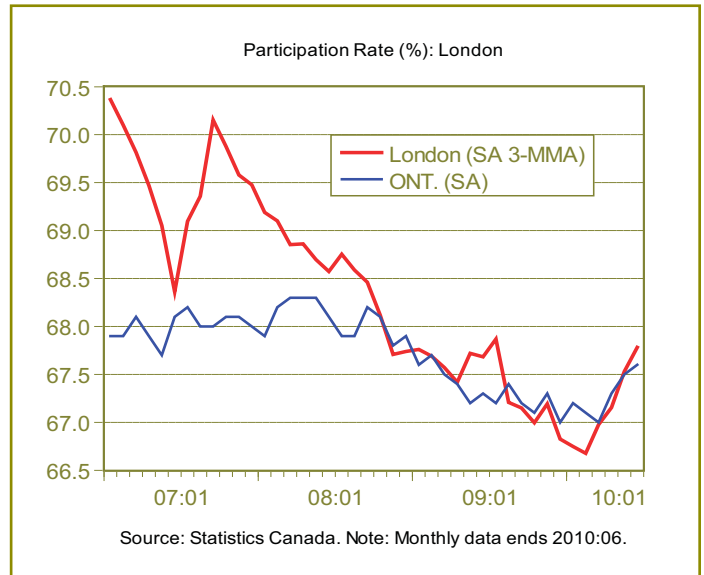
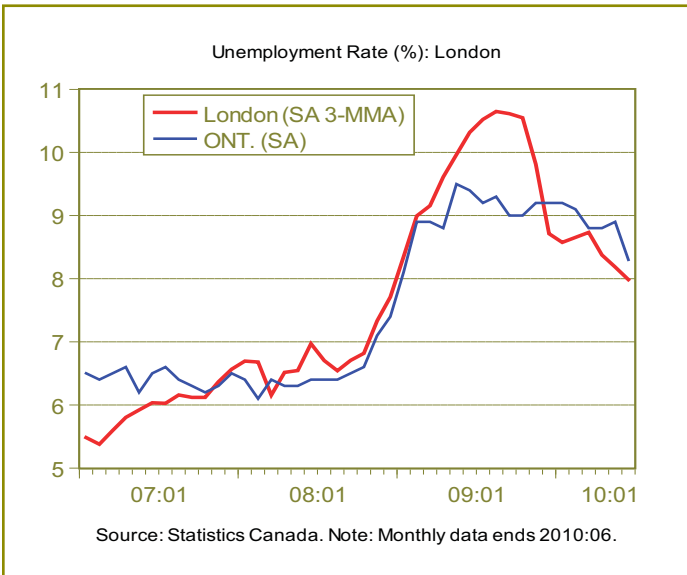
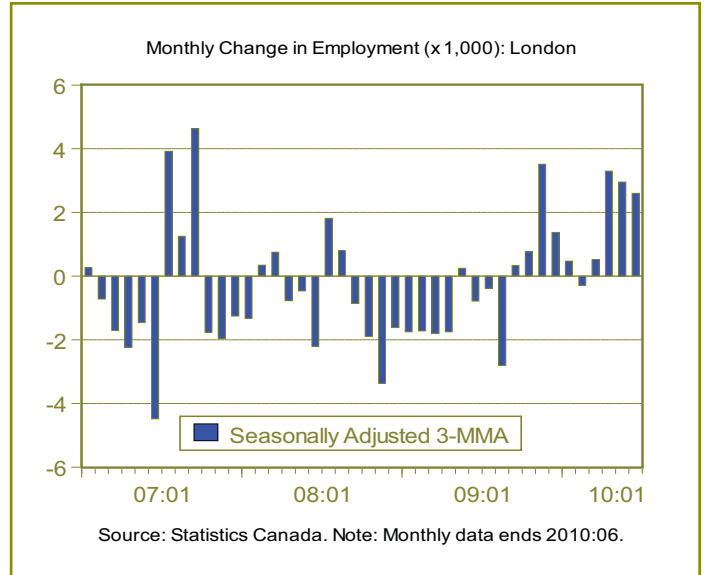
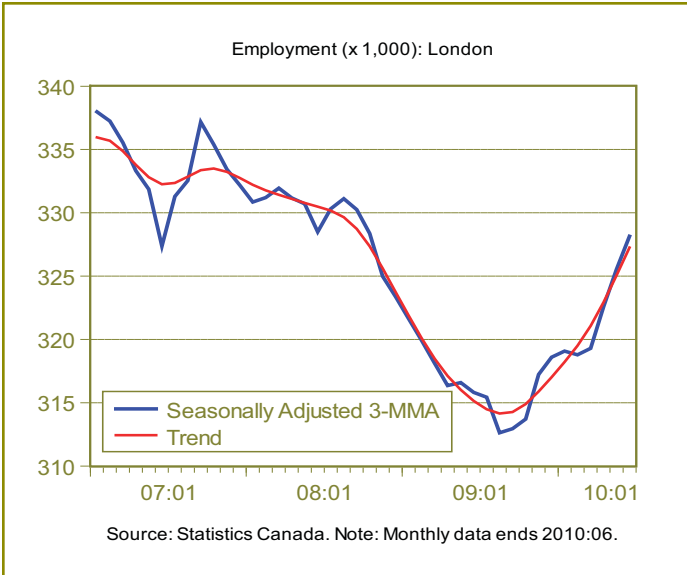
Windsor-Sarnia						
Period	Labour Force		Employed		Unemployment Rate	Participation Rate
	x 1,000	% Change	x 1,000	% Change	%	%
<b>Average of Unadjusted Monthly Data</b>						
2002	330.9	1.6	306.4	1.4	7.4	65.5
2003	331.2	0.1	307.4	0.3	7.2	65.0
2004	334.1	0.9	307.2	-0.1	8.0	65.0
2005	340.6	1.9	315.2	2.6	7.5	65.6
2006	351.9	3.3	323.9	2.8	8.0	67.3
2007	341.1	-3.1	312.9	-3.4	8.3	65.0
2008	341.7	0.2	313.1	0.1	8.4	64.9
2009	334.7	-2.0	294.7	-5.9	12.0	63.5
2009 YTD*	335.6		295.6		11.9	63.7
2010 YTD*	331.2	-1.3	294.3	-0.4	11.1	62.8
* YTD = Calendar year-to-date based on 3-month moving average monthly data						
<b>Seasonally Adjusted, 3-Month Moving Average, Monthly Data</b>						
2009M04	337.9	-0.1	298.0	-0.0	11.6	64.1
2009M05	337.2	-0.2	297.0	-0.3	11.8	63.9
2009M06	337.5	0.1	295.9	-0.4	12.2	64.0
2009M07	337.7	0.1	294.6	-0.4	12.5	64.0
2009M08	335.9	-0.5	294.0	-0.2	12.3	63.7
2009M09	334.9	-0.3	294.0	-0.0	12.3	63.5
2009M10	331.7	-1.0	292.0	-0.7	12.5	62.9
2009M11	329.7	-0.6	291.3	-0.3	12.2	62.5
2009M12	329.2	-0.2	291.7	0.2	12.0	62.4
2010M01	330.0	0.2	292.9	0.4	11.1	62.6
2010M02	331.0	0.3	295.0	0.7	10.8	62.8
2010M03	331.9	0.3	296.6	0.5	10.4	62.9
2010M04	334.6	0.8	299.3	0.9	10.5	63.4
2010M05	336.6	0.6	301.0	0.6	10.5	63.7
2010M06	338.2	0.5	302.7	0.5	10.4	64.0

Source: Statistics Canada

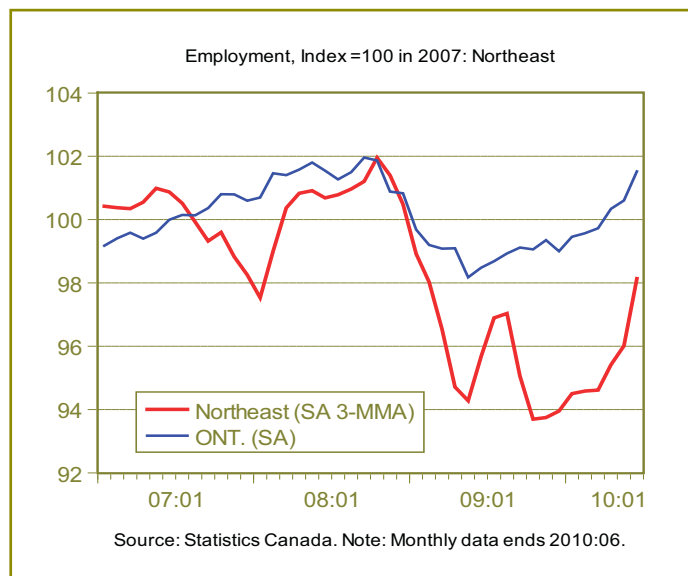
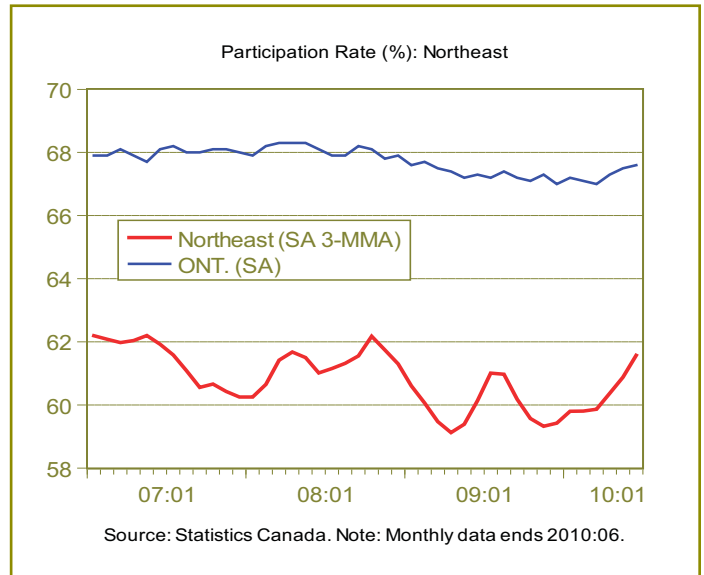
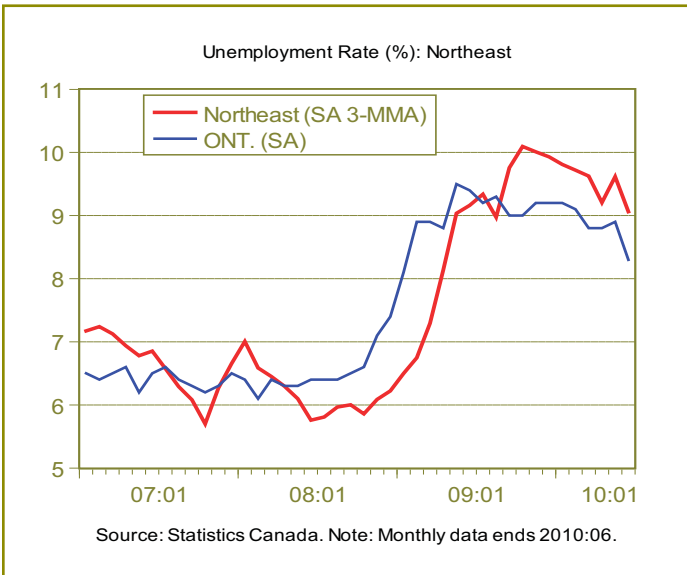
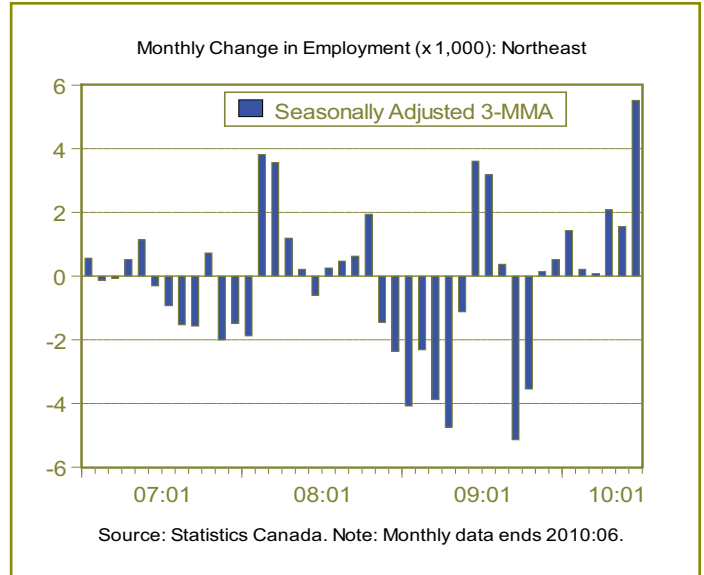
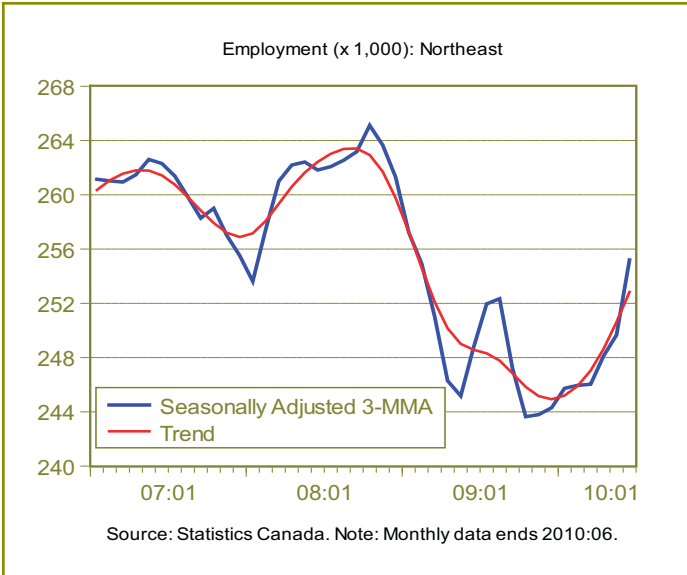


London						
Period	Labour Force		Employed		Unemployment Rate	Participation Rate
	x 1,000	% Change	x 1,000	% Change	%	%
<b>Average of Unadjusted Monthly Data</b>						
2002	330.7	1.9	307.4	0.9	7.0	68.1
2003	339.5	2.7	317.3	3.2	6.5	69.3
2004	350.2	3.2	330.1	4.0	5.7	70.7
2005	349.5	-0.2	327.5	-0.8	6.3	69.8
2006	351.5	0.6	330.7	1.0	5.9	69.5
2007	354.8	0.9	333.2	0.8	6.1	69.5
2008	352.9	-0.5	328.7	-1.4	6.9	68.4
2009	350.6	-0.7	316.4	-3.7	9.8	67.3
2009 YTD*	348.6		315.2		9.6	67.2
2010 YTD*	349.4	0.2	319.3	1.3	8.6	66.6
* YTD = Calendar year-to-date based on 3-month moving average monthly data						
<b>Seasonally Adjusted, 3-Month Moving Average, Monthly Data</b>						
2009M04	350.3	-0.1	316.4	-0.6	9.6	67.4
2009M05	352.1	0.5	316.6	0.1	10.0	67.7
2009M06	352.1	-0.0	315.8	-0.2	10.3	67.7
2009M07	353.6	0.4	315.4	-0.1	10.5	67.9
2009M08	350.0	-1.0	312.6	-0.9	10.7	67.2
2009M09	350.1	0.0	313.0	0.1	10.6	67.2
2009M10	349.4	-0.2	313.7	0.2	10.6	67.0
2009M11	350.8	0.4	317.2	1.1	9.8	67.2
2009M12	349.2	-0.4	318.6	0.4	8.7	66.8
2010M01	349.1	-0.0	319.1	0.1	8.6	66.7
2010M02	349.1	-0.0	318.8	-0.1	8.7	66.7
2010M03	350.7	0.5	319.3	0.2	8.7	67.0
2010M04	352.2	0.4	322.6	1.0	8.4	67.2
2010M05	354.5	0.6	325.5	0.9	8.2	67.5
2010M06	356.5	0.6	328.1	0.8	8.0	67.8

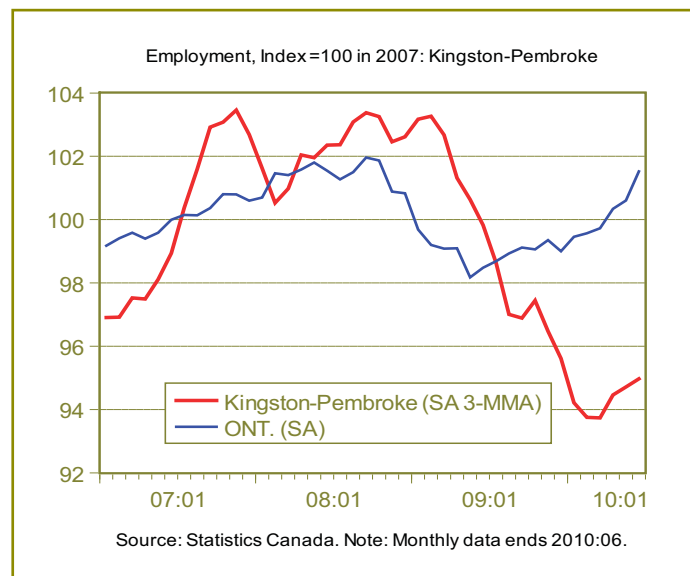
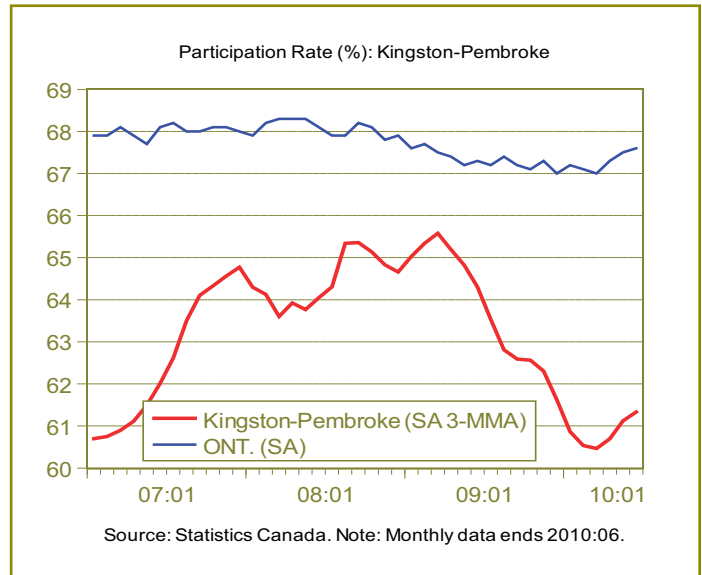
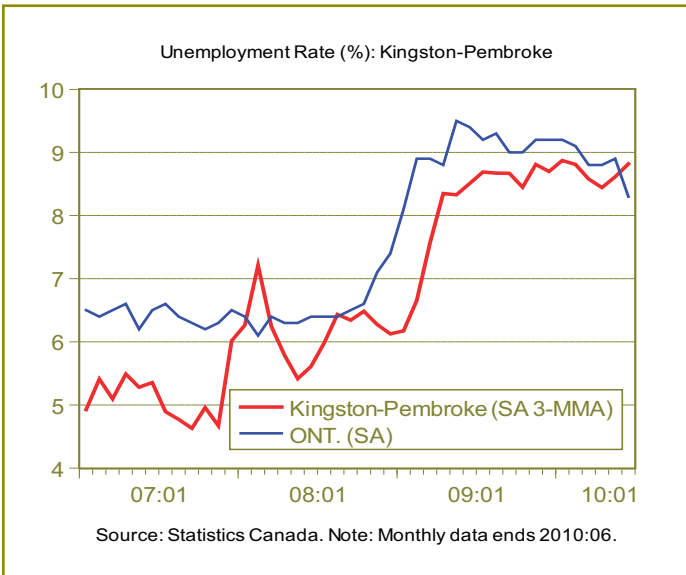
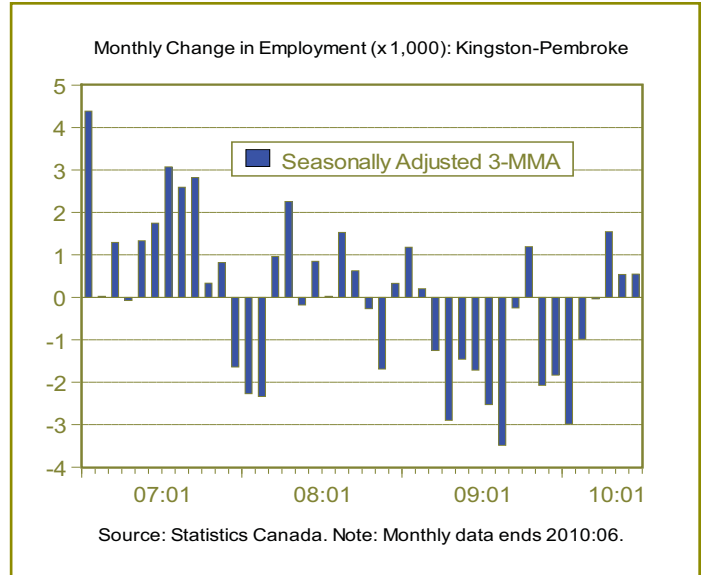
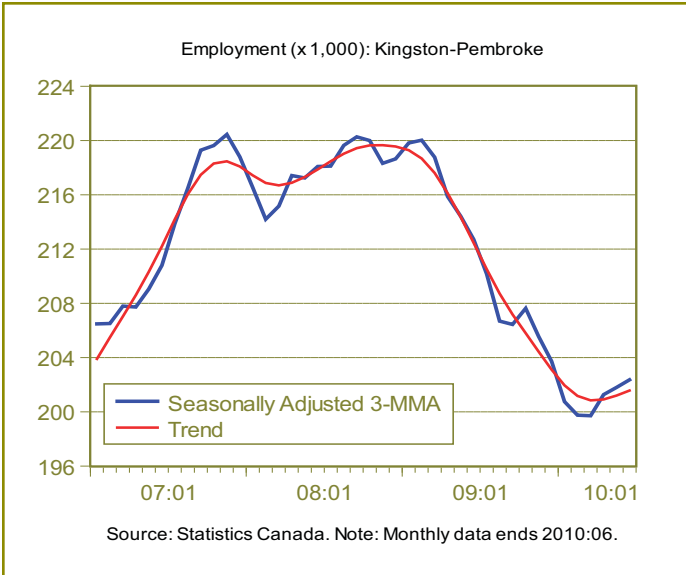
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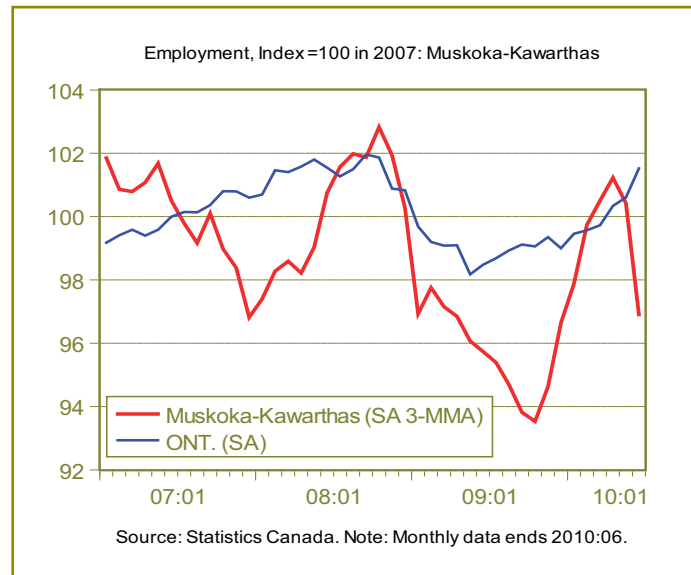
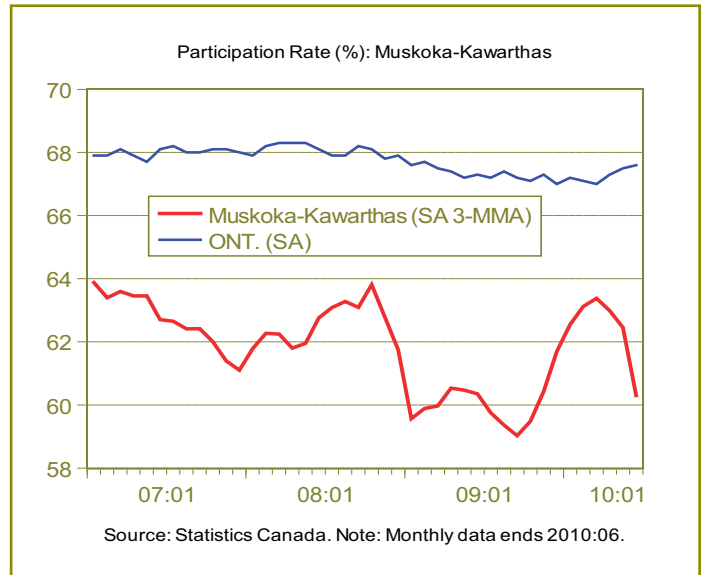
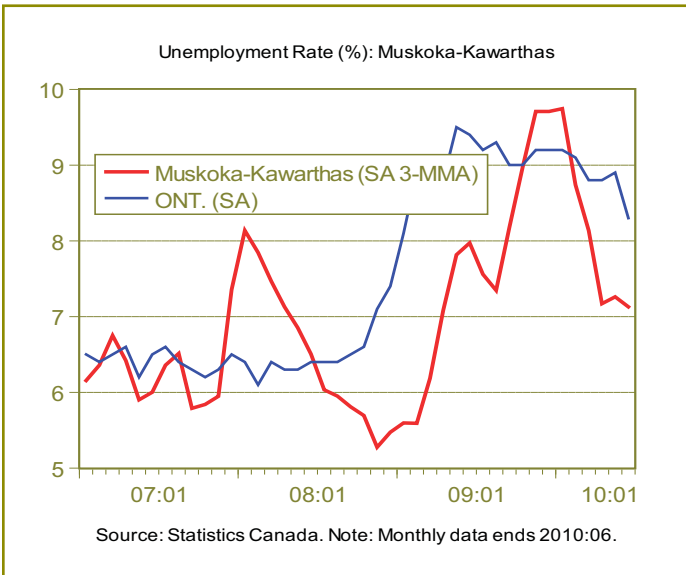
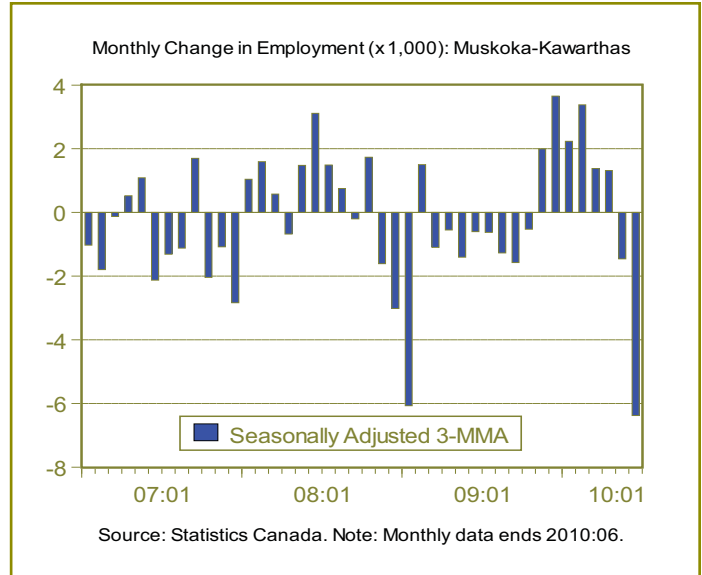
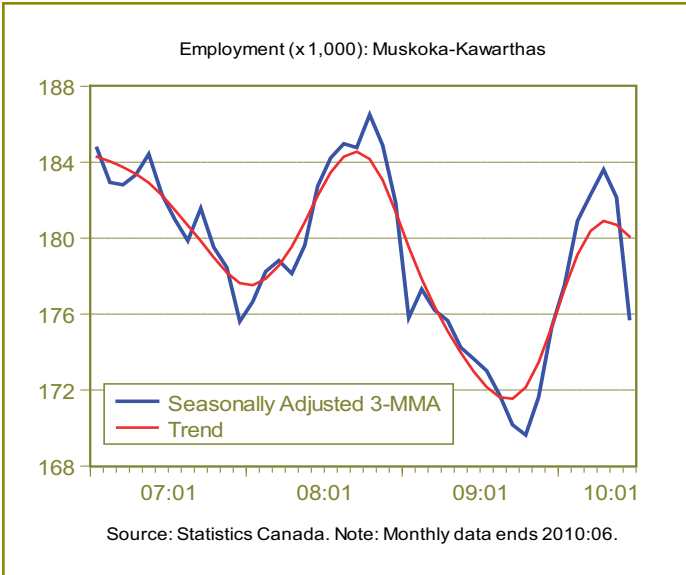
Northeast						
Period	Labour Force		Employed		Unemployment Rate	Participation Rate
	x 1,000	% Change	x 1,000	% Change	%	%
<b>Average of Unadjusted Monthly Data</b>						
2002	276.0	0.8	251.2	0.0	8.9	61.1
2003	276.2	0.1	254.0	1.1	8.0	61.1
2004	277.7	0.5	255.4	0.6	8.0	61.4
2005	275.7	-0.7	256.2	0.3	7.1	60.9
2006	275.5	-0.1	255.6	-0.2	7.2	60.8
2007	277.7	0.8	259.2	1.4	6.7	61.2
2008	279.0	0.5	261.9	1.0	6.1	61.4
2009	272.3	-2.4	247.9	-5.3	9.0	59.9
2009 YTD*	269.4		247.8		8.0	59.3
2010 YTD*	272.2	1.0	245.6	-0.9	9.7	59.8
* YTD = Calendar year-to-date based on 3-month moving average monthly data						
<b>Seasonally Adjusted, 3-Month Moving Average, Monthly Data</b>						
2009M04	269.2	-0.5	246.3	-1.9	8.1	59.1
2009M05	270.2	0.4	245.2	-0.5	9.0	59.4
2009M06	273.4	1.2	248.8	1.5	9.2	60.1
2009M07	277.3	1.4	252.0	1.3	9.3	61.0
2009M08	277.3	-0.0	252.3	0.1	9.0	61.0
2009M09	273.9	-1.2	247.2	-2.0	9.8	60.2
2009M10	270.9	-1.1	243.6	-1.4	10.1	59.6
2009M11	269.9	-0.4	243.8	0.1	10.0	59.3
2009M12	270.3	0.2	244.3	0.2	9.9	59.4
2010M01	272.1	0.7	245.7	0.6	9.8	59.8
2010M02	272.0	-0.0	245.9	0.1	9.7	59.8
2010M03	272.7	0.2	246.0	0.0	9.6	59.9
2010M04	274.9	0.8	248.1	0.8	9.2	60.4
2010M05	277.2	0.9	249.7	0.6	9.6	60.9
2010M06	280.1	1.0	255.2	2.2	9.1	61.6
Source: Statistics Canada						



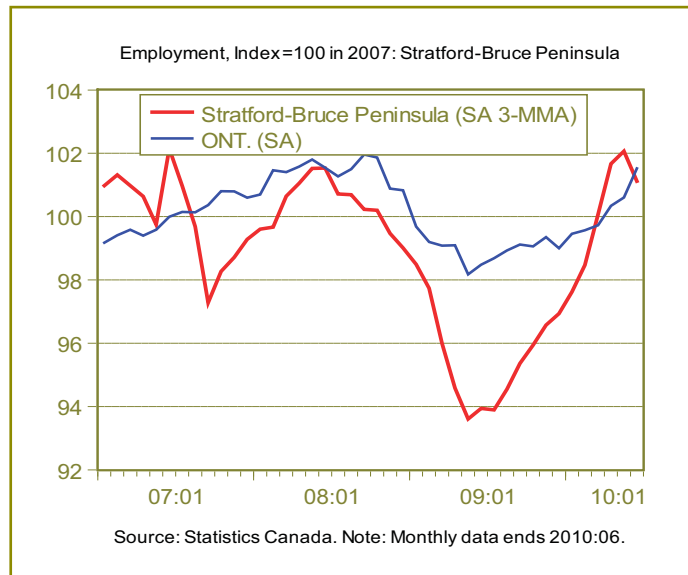
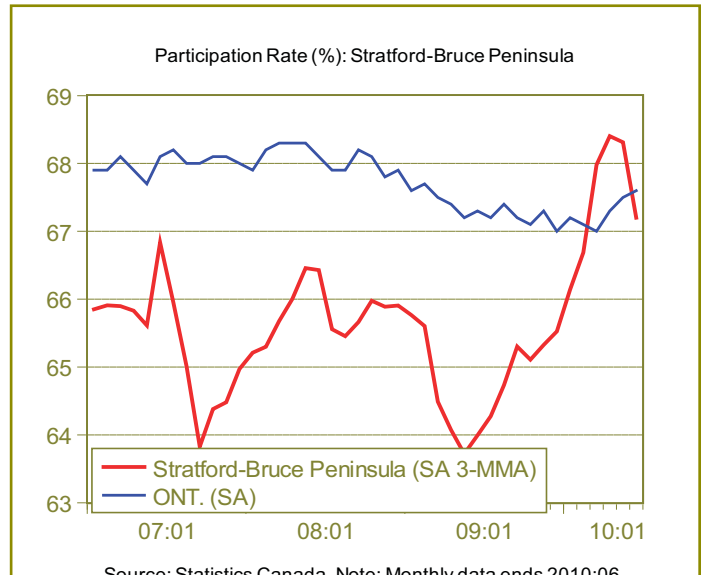
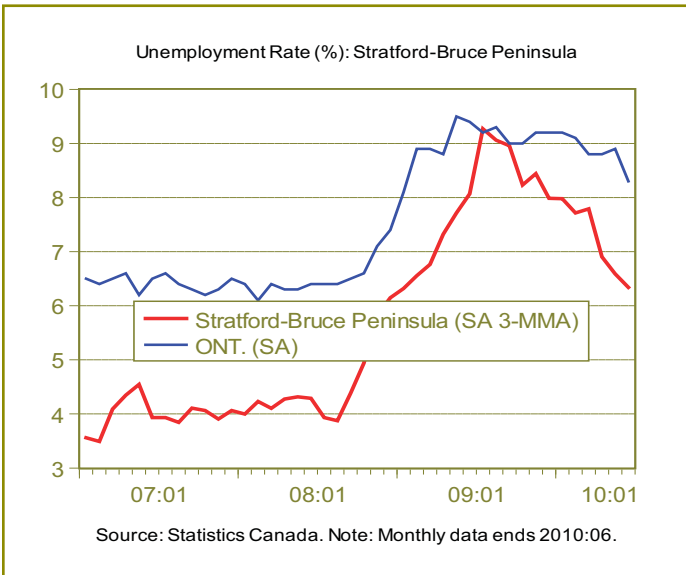
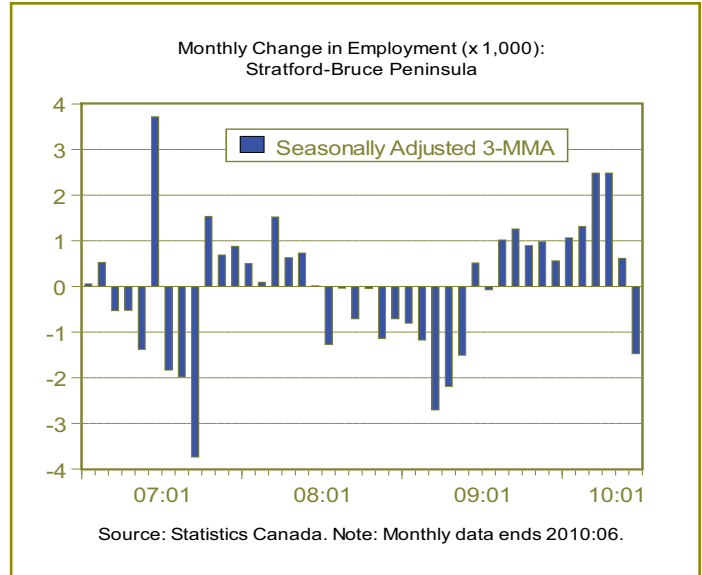
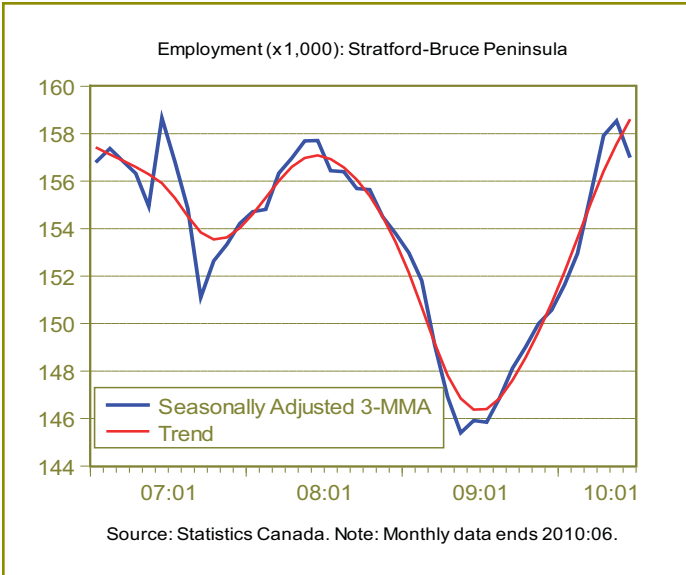
Kingston-Pembroke						
Period	Labour Force		Employed		Unemployment Rate	Participation Rate
	x 1,000	% Change	x 1,000	% Change	%	%
<b>Average of Unadjusted Monthly Data</b>						
2002	214.7	4.0	198.5	3.5	7.5	61.9
2003	212.4	-1.1	198.8	0.2	6.4	60.8
2004	217.3	2.3	204.0	2.6	6.1	61.7
2005	218.5	0.6	205.3	0.6	6.1	61.5
2006	215.6	-1.3	202.3	-1.5	6.2	60.3
2007	226.0	4.8	214.3	5.9	5.2	63.0
2008	232.2	2.7	218.1	1.8	6.1	64.5
2009	229.5	-1.2	210.3	-3.6	8.4	63.5
2009 YTD*	230.9		212.6		8.0	64.0
2010 YTD*	216.5	-6.3	196.8	-7.4	9.1	59.8
* YTD = Calendar year-to-date based on 3-month moving average monthly data						
<b>Seasonally Adjusted, 3-Month Moving Average, Monthly Data</b>						
2009M04	235.3	-0.6	215.9	-1.3	8.4	65.2
2009M05	234.2	-0.5	214.4	-0.7	8.3	64.8
2009M06	232.3	-0.8	212.7	-0.8	8.5	64.3
2009M07	229.5	-1.2	210.2	-1.2	8.7	63.5
2009M08	227.1	-1.1	206.7	-1.7	8.7	62.8
2009M09	226.3	-0.3	206.4	-0.1	8.7	62.6
2009M10	226.2	-0.0	207.6	0.6	8.4	62.6
2009M11	225.4	-0.4	205.6	-1.0	8.8	62.3
2009M12	222.9	-1.1	203.7	-0.9	8.7	61.6
2010M01	220.3	-1.2	200.7	-1.5	8.9	60.9
2010M02	219.1	-0.5	199.8	-0.5	8.8	60.5
2010M03	218.7	-0.2	199.7	-0.0	8.6	60.5
2010M04	219.7	0.5	201.3	0.8	8.4	60.7
2010M05	221.1	0.6	201.8	0.3	8.6	61.1
2010M06	221.8	0.3	202.4	0.3	8.8	61.3
Source: Statistics Canada						



Muskoka-Kawarthas						
Period	Labour Force		Employed		Unemployment Rate	Participation Rate
	x 1,000	% Change	x 1,000	% Change	%	%
<b>Average of Unadjusted Monthly Data</b>						
2002	165.1	1.7	155.1	2.0	6.1	57.4
2003	183.7	11.3	174.7	12.6	4.8	62.9
2004	188.4	2.6	179.6	2.8	4.7	63.5
2005	182.6	-3.1	170.3	-5.2	6.7	60.5
2006	192.8	5.6	181.3	6.5	5.9	63.0
2007	192.9	0.1	180.5	-0.4	6.5	62.4
2008	194.5	0.8	182.0	0.8	6.4	62.5
2009	188.5	-3.1	173.7	-4.6	7.9	60.2
2009 YTD*	186.1		172.0		7.6	59.6
2010 YTD*	194.2	4.4	176.6	2.7	9.0	61.8
* YTD = Calendar year-to-date based on 3-month moving average monthly data						
<b>Seasonally Adjusted, 3-Month Moving Average, Monthly Data</b>						
2009M04	189.0	1.0	175.7	-0.3	7.1	60.5
2009M05	189.0	-0.0	174.2	-0.8	7.8	60.5
2009M06	188.8	-0.1	173.6	-0.3	8.0	60.3
2009M07	186.9	-1.0	173.0	-0.4	7.6	59.8
2009M08	185.6	-0.7	171.7	-0.7	7.3	59.4
2009M09	184.9	-0.4	170.2	-0.9	8.2	59.0
2009M10	186.4	0.9	169.6	-0.3	9.0	59.5
2009M11	189.2	1.5	171.6	1.2	9.7	60.4
2009M12	193.4	2.2	175.3	2.1	9.7	61.7
2010M01	196.1	1.4	177.5	1.3	9.7	62.5
2010M02	198.0	1.0	180.9	1.9	8.7	63.1
2010M03	199.0	0.5	182.3	0.8	8.1	63.4
2010M04	197.8	-0.6	183.6	0.7	7.2	63.0
2010M05	196.2	-0.8	182.1	-0.8	7.3	62.5
2010M06	189.5	-3.4	175.8	-3.5	7.1	60.3
Source: Statistics Canada						

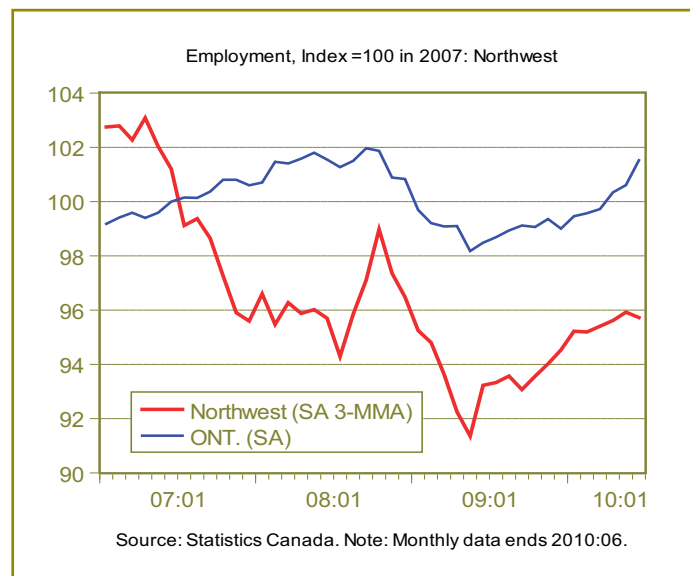
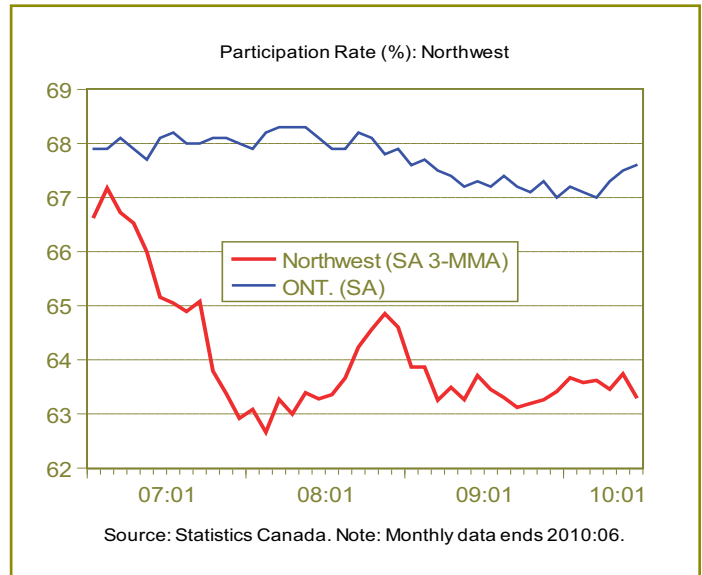
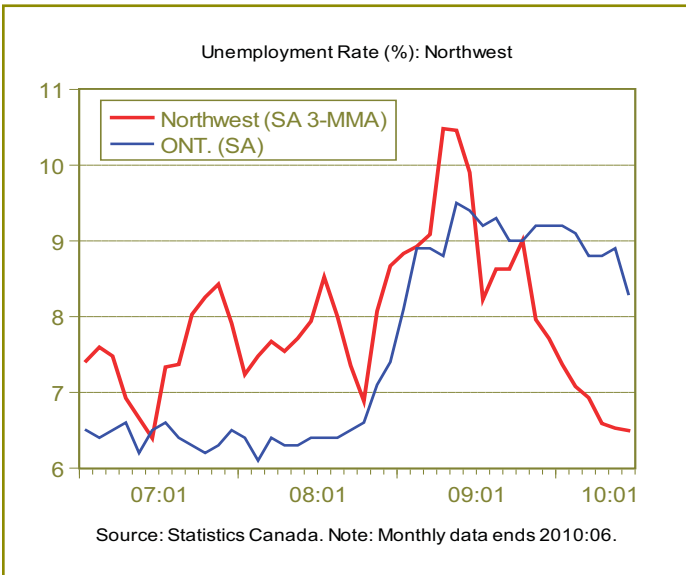
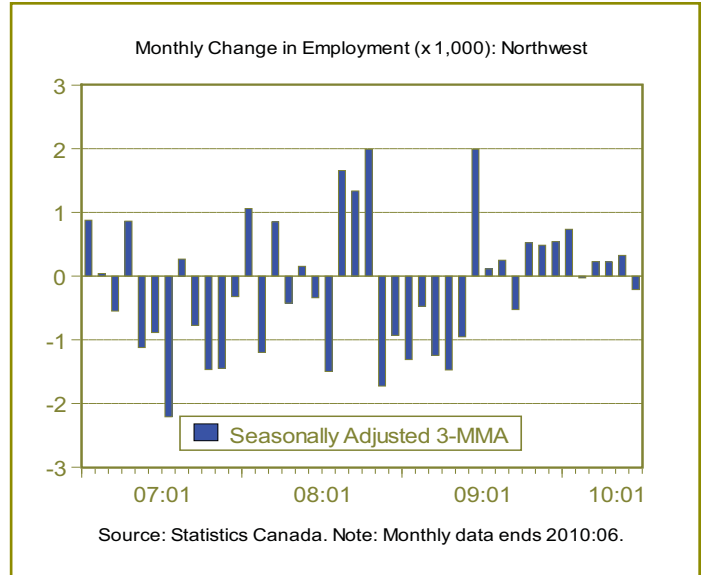
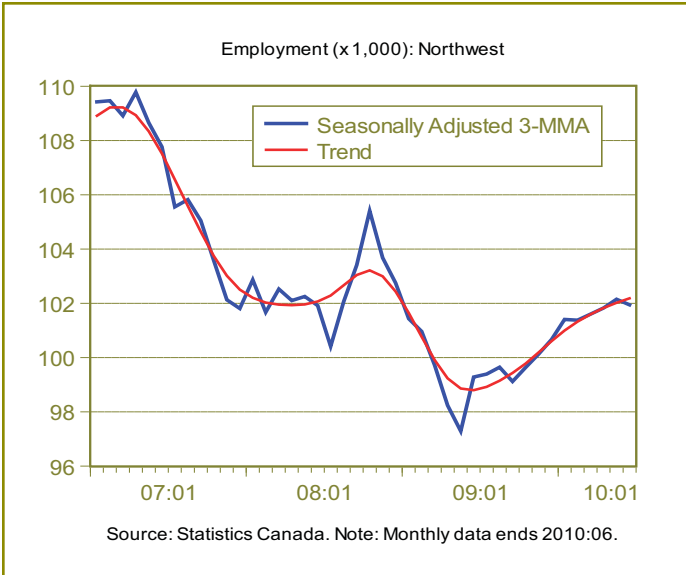


Stratford-Bruce Peninsula						
Period	Labour Force		Employed		Unemployment Rate	Participation Rate
	x 1,000	% Change	x 1,000	% Change	%	%
Average of Unadjusted Monthly Data						
2002	158.4	2.3	151.1	1.8	4.7	68.1
2003	159.8	0.9	150.5	-0.4	5.8	69.3
2004	171.5	7.3	164.1	9.0	4.3	70.7
2005	161.7	-5.7	154.7	-5.7	4.3	69.8
2006	165.0	2.0	157.3	1.7	4.7	69.5
2007	161.6	-2.1	155.1	-1.4	4.0	69.5
2008	163.5	1.2	155.8	0.5	4.6	68.4
2009	161.2	-1.4	148.4	-4.8	7.9	67.3
2009 YTD*	157.5		145.2		7.8	63.4
2010 YTD*	164.9	4.7	151.9	4.6	7.9	66.2
* YTD = Calendar year-to-date based on 3-month moving average monthly data						
Seasonally Adjusted, 3-Month Moving Average, Monthly Data						
2009M04	159.2	-0.8	146.9	-1.5	7.3	64.1
2009M05	158.4	-0.5	145.4	-1.0	7.7	63.7
2009M06	159.1	0.4	145.9	0.4	8.1	64.0
2009M07	159.9	0.5	145.8	-0.1	9.3	64.3
2009M08	160.9	0.6	146.9	0.7	9.1	64.7
2009M09	162.6	1.1	148.1	0.9	9.0	65.3
2009M10	162.0	-0.3	149.0	0.6	8.2	65.1
2009M11	162.6	0.3	150.0	0.7	8.4	65.3
2009M12	163.1	0.3	150.6	0.4	8.0	65.5
2010M01	164.8	1.0	151.6	0.7	8.0	66.1
2010M02	166.1	0.8	153.0	0.9	7.7	66.7
2010M03	169.4	2.0	155.4	1.6	7.8	68.0
2010M04	170.4	0.6	157.9	1.6	6.9	68.4
2010M05	170.1	-0.2	158.5	0.4	6.6	68.3
2010M06	167.5	-1.5	157.1	-0.9	6.3	67.2
Source: Statistics Canada						



Northwest						
Period	Labour Force		Employed		Unemployment Rate	Participation Rate
	x 1,000	% Change	x 1,000	% Change	%	%
<b>Average of Unadjusted Monthly Data</b>						
2002	120.9	4.1	113.4	5.5	6.3	68.1
2003	124.5	3.0	117.1	3.3	5.9	69.3
2004	120.6	-3.1	111.8	-4.5	7.3	70.7
2005	115.7	-4.1	107.9	-3.5	6.7	69.8
2006	113.4	-2.0	104.7	-3.0	7.8	69.5
2007	114.4	0.9	105.8	1.1	7.4	69.5
2008	111.4	-2.6	102.6	-3.0	7.9	68.4
2009	109.4	-1.8	99.6	-2.9	9.0	67.3
2009 YTD*	109.9		98.7		10.2	63.5
2010 YTD*	108.7	-1.2	100.9	2.2	7.2	63.4
* YTD = Calendar year-to-date based on 3-month moving average monthly data						
<b>Seasonally Adjusted, 3-Month Moving Average, Monthly Data</b>						
2009M04	110.0	0.4	98.2	-1.5	10.5	63.5
2009M05	109.5	-0.5	97.3	-1.0	10.5	63.3
2009M06	110.2	0.7	99.3	2.0	9.9	63.7
2009M07	109.5	-0.7	99.4	0.1	8.2	63.5
2009M08	109.2	-0.2	99.6	0.3	8.6	63.3
2009M09	108.8	-0.4	99.1	-0.5	8.6	63.1
2009M10	108.7	-0.1	99.6	0.5	9.0	63.2
2009M11	108.8	0.1	100.1	0.5	8.0	63.3
2009M12	109.0	0.1	100.7	0.5	7.7	63.4
2010M01	109.3	0.2	101.4	0.7	7.4	63.7
2010M02	109.0	-0.2	101.4	-0.0	7.1	63.6
2010M03	109.0	-0.0	101.6	0.2	6.9	63.6
2010M04	108.6	-0.4	101.8	0.2	6.6	63.5
2010M05	109.1	0.5	102.2	0.3	6.5	63.7
2010M06	108.3	-0.7	101.9	-0.2	6.5	63.3

Source: Statistics Canada



## Labour Force Statistics

### Definitions and Explanatory Notes

#### Reference Week

Monthly estimates of employment, unemployment, and persons not in the labour force refer to the specific week covered by the survey each month, normally the week containing the 15th day.

#### Labour Force

The labour force is composed of those members of the civilian non-institutional population 15 years of age and over who, during the reference week, were employed or unemployed.

#### Employed

Employed persons are those who, during the reference week, either: (a) did any work at all, or (b) had a job but were not at work due to own illness or disability, personal or family responsibilities, bad weather, labour dispute, vacation, or other reason not specified above (excluding persons whose job attachment was to a job to start at a definite date in the future).

#### Unemployment

Unemployed persons are those who, during the reference week, either: (a) were without work, had actively looked for work in the past four weeks (ending with the reference week), and were available for work; or (b) had not actively looked for work in the past four weeks but had been on layoff and were available for work; or (c) had not actively looked for work in the past four weeks but had a new job to start in four weeks or less from the reference week, and were available for work.

#### Unemployment Rate

The unemployment rate represents the number of unemployed persons expressed as a percentage of the labour force. The unemployment rate for a particular group (age, sex, marital status, etc.) is the number of unemployed in that group expressed as a percentage of the labour force for that group.

#### Participation Rate

The participation rate represents the labour force expressed as a percentage of the population 15 years of age and over. The participation rate for a particular group (age, sex, marital status, etc.) is the labour force for that group expressed as a percentage of the population for that group.

#### Employment Rate

The employment rate (employment/population ratio) is the number of employed persons expressed as a percentage of the population 15 years of age and over. The employment rate for a particular group (age, sex, marital status, etc.) is the employment for that group expressed as a percentage of the population for that group.

#### Rounding

Estimates published by the Labour Force Survey are rounded to the nearest thousand but all derived values (totals, averages, rates, ratios, percent changes, etc.) are calculated from unrounded figures. Therefore, the sum of the individual rounded items may not equal the total.

#### Seasonal Adjustment

Fluctuations in economic time series are caused by seasonal, cyclical and irregular movements. A seasonally adjusted series is one from which seasonal movements have been eliminated. Seasonal movements are defined as those which are caused by regular annual events such as climate, holidays, vacation periods, and cycles related to crops, production and retail sales associated with Christmas and Easter. It should be noted that the seasonally adjusted series contain irregular as well as longer-term cyclical fluctuations.

**Source: Based on Statistics Canada, Labour Force Information, Catalogue no. 71-001-X, June 13 to 19, 2010. All computations, use and interpretation of these data are entirely that of the author(s).**